

Financing for climate change investments in low-income countries

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Outline

- The GEF
- GEF's 23 Years' Investment in Low Income Countries
- GEF 6 Resources and Strategy in Climate Change
 Mitigation
- A Case Study of GEF Investment in Africa
- Key Points in GEF 6 Project Development

The GEF - 23 Years

Operation:

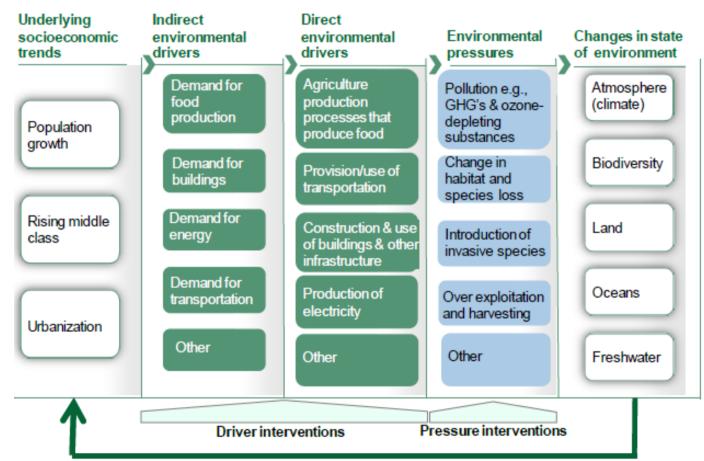
Provided \$13.5 billion in grants and leveraged \$65 billion in co-financing for 3,900 projects in more than 165 developing countries

GEF 2020:

The GEF is to be a champion of the global environment, supporting transformational change and achieving global environmental benefits at scale

GEF focusing on environmental drivers

The causal chain of environmental change





Changes in human welfare

Requirements of the GEF CCM Projects

- At the corporate level, the GEF has a GHG mitigation target
 - GEF-5 (2010-2014): 500 million tonnes of CO2eq
 - GEF-6 (2014-2018): 750 million tonnes
 - It is important for GEF to track emission reduction on the individual project level
- A the project level, GEF projects must
 - either have enabling activities and convention obligations; or
 - have greenhouse gas (GHG) emission mitigation targets at the time of the CEO endorsement; and
 - provide progress at the mid-term and project completion



Financing for Climate Change Projects in Africa

- As of April 1, 2015, the GEF has invested US\$518.6 million for 631 projects in Africa in
 - Mitigation
 - Adaption
 - Technology Needs Assessments
 - National Communications to the UNFCCC
- The GEF grants leveraged US\$3.65 billion co-financing





GEF 6 STAR for Africa (1) US\$

| Country | Biodiversity | Climate Change | Land Degradation | Total for Country | Flexible? |
|--------------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Algeria | 4,090,879 | 6,506,112 | 1,902,751 | 12,499,742 | FALSE |
| Angola | 6,603,161 | 4,041,063 | 3,042,449 | 13,686,673 | FALSE |
| Benin | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 5,078,892 | 10,078,892 | FALSE |
| Botswana | 2,018,757 | 2,209,633 | 4,684,298 | 8,912,688 | FALSE |
| Burkina Faso | 2,000,000 | 3,146,823 | 6,187,774 | 11,334,597 | FALSE |
| Burundi | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 1,278,545 | 6,278,545 | TRUE |
| Cameroon | 12,075,967 | 2,685,860 | 1,873,377 | 16,635,204 | FALSE |
| Central African Republic | 2,278,289 | 3,000,000 | 2,273,747 | 7,552,036 | FALSE |
| Chad | 2,379,724 | 3,000,000 | 3,214,100 | 8,593,824 | FALSE |
| Comoros | 2,622,671 | 3,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 6,622,671 | TRUE |
| Congo | 3,936,031 | 2,102,205 | 1,182,205 | 7,220,441 | FALSE |
| Congo DR | 16,380,880 | 9,579,651 | 1,000,000 | 26,960,531 | FALSE |
| Cote d'Ivoire | 4,190,165 | 2,000,000 | 3,536,672 | 9,726,837 | FALSE |
| Djibouti | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 2,828,332 | 7,828,332 | FALSE |
| Egypt | 4,453,872 | 10,067,982 | 1,434,103 | 15,955,957 | FALSE |
| Equatorial Guinea | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 6,000,000 | TRUE |
| Eritrea | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 3,601,165 | 8,601,165 | FALSE |
| Ethiopia | 10,562,236 | 7,405,184 | 5,266,260 | 23,233,680 | FALSE |
| Gabon | 3,810,098 | 2,000,000 | 972,024 | 6,782,122 | TRUE |
| Gambia | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 5,176,905 | 10,176,905 | FALSE |
| Ghana | 3,188,101 | 2,411,300 | 4,318,626 | 9,918,027 | FALSE |
| Guinea | 3,100,031 | 3,000,000 | 1,853,336 | 7,953,367 | FALSE |
| Guinea-Bissau | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 1,003,726 | 6,003,726 | TRUE |
| Kenya | 10,283,952 | 4,040,997 | 4,629,515 | 18,954,464 | FALSE |
| Lesotho | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 6,000,000 | TRUE |



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GEF 6 STAR for Africa (2) US\$

| Country | Biodiversity | Climate Change | Land Degradation | Total for Country | Flexible? |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Liberia | 3,432,734 | 3,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 7,432,734 | FALSE |
| Libya | 1,500,000 | 2,000,000 | 913,777 | 4,413,777 | ' TRUE |
| Madagascar | 24,539,807 | 3,032,533 | 2,567,930 | 30,140,270 | FALSE |
| Malawi | 5,320,185 | 3,000,000 | 1,441,866 | 9,762,051 | FALSE |
| Mali | 2,097,510 | 3,000,000 | 4,060,520 | 9,158,030 | FALSE |
| Mauritania | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 2,553,315 | 7,553,315 | FALSE |
| Mauritius | 5,407,512 | 5,105,070 | 907,866 | 11,420,448 | FALSE |
| Morocco | 4,898,530 | 4,853,667 | 4,772,814 | 14,525,011 | . FALSE |
| Mozambique | 9,129,375 | 3,431,265 | 3,594,725 | 16,155,365 | FALSE |
| Namibia | 6,593,121 | 2,000,000 | 5,645,253 | 14,238,374 | FALSE |
| Niger | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 4,601,154 | 9,601,154 | FALSE |
| Nigeria | 6,797,879 | 13,021,378 | 3,534,766 | 23,354,023 | FALSE |
| Rwanda | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 1,241,824 | 6,241,824 | TRUE |
| Sao Tome and Principe | 3,776,014 | 3,000,000 | 3,554,738 | 10,330,752 | FALSE |
| Senegal | 2,094,521 | 3,000,000 | 5,417,150 | 10,511,671 | FALSE |
| Seychelles | 4,936,535 | 2,000,000 | 655,606 | 7,592,141 | FALSE |
| Sierra Leone | 2,111,520 | 3,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 6,111,520 | TRUE |
| South Africa | 22,785,839 | 17,982,244 | 5,183,246 | 45,951,329 | FALSE |
| South Sudan | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 6,000,000 | TRUE |
| Sudan | 4,172,437 | 5,725,594 | 2,930,004 | 12,828,035 | FALSE |
| Swaziland | 1,500,000 | 2,000,000 | 2,909,629 | 6,409,629 | TRUE |
| Tanzania | 15,901,251 | 7,125,943 | 6,064,534 | 29,091,728 | FALSE |
| Togo | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 2,214,007 | 7,214,007 | ' FALSE |
| Tunisia | 1,500,000 | 2,665,583 | 5,040,731 | 9,206,314 | FALSE |
| Uganda | 4,010,540 | 3,765,683 | 2,223,080 | | FALSE |
| Zambia | 4,715,571 | 3,636,434 | 3,151,529 | 11,503,534 | FALSE |
| Zimbabwe | 2,700,395 | 2,086,982 | 4,215,265 | 9,002,642 | FALSE |
| Grand Total | 259,896,090 | 207,629,186 | 151,734,131 | 619,259,407 | |



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GEF-6 CCM Strategy

CC 1: Promote Innovation, Technology Transfer, and Supportive Policies and Strategies Program 1:

Promote timely development, demonstration and financing of lowcarbon technologies and mitigation options

Program 2:

Develop and demonstrate innovative policy packages and market initiatives to foster new range of mitigation actions

CC 2: Demonstrate Systemic Impacts of Mitigation Options Program 3:

Promote integrated low-emission urban systems

Program 4:

Promote conservation and enhancement of carbon stocks in forest, and other land-use, and support climate smart agriculture

CC 3: Foster Enabling Conditions to Mainstream Mitigation Concerns into Sustainable Development Strategies

Program 5:

Integrate findings of convention obligations and enabling activities into national planning processes and mitigation contributions



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GEF-6 IAP Programs

Combination of features:

- ✓ Ability to deliver on global environmental benefits beyond a single focal area of the GEF, building on existing linkages
- ✓ Time-bound nature of the concrete impact
- ✓ Relevance for the evolving agenda post-2015
- ✓ Require a new way for the GEF to do its business and make financing available at multiple levels (local, regional and global), including with flexibility to engage upfront with key partners and bring them on board

Candidates for GEF IAP Sustainable Cities Program from Africa:

- ✓ Dakar of Senegal
- ✓ Abidjan of Cote D'Ivoire
- ✓ Johannesburg of South Africa



GEF 6 Sustainable Cities Program

Recognizing need to address urbanization as key driver of global environmental degradation and opportunity



GEF Supports for INDC Preparation

Some countries have programmed GEF resources for Intended Nationally Determined Contributions as of April 2015:

Afghanistan, Antigua and Barbuda, Azerbaijan, Benin, Bissau, Burundi,

Cambodia, Chad, Congo, Congo DR, Cote d'Ivoire, Dominica, Gabon,

Guinea, Eritrea, Fiji, Iraq, Kyrgyz Republic, Lesotho, Maldives, Mauritania,

Moldova, Mongolia, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Niger, Nigeria,

Papua New Guinea, Rwanda, Senegal, Sri Lanka, Sao Tome & Principe,

Seychelles, South Africa, Swaziland, Thailand, Timor L'este, Tunisia,

Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan, Yemen, Zambia, and Zimbabwe.





Full-Sized Project Cycle



- * Work Program consists of PIFs cleared by the CEO
- ** GEF Agency approval of project signifies start of project implementation
- *** Project completion follows terminal evaluation and financial closure



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Medium-Sized Project Cycle

MSPs follow a simplified one-step approach as part of the project streamlining measures*:

- Agencies and countries prepare an MSP document and submit it to the Secretariat for CEO approval once it is ready, on a rolling basis.
 - ✓ MSP approval request template will build in a PPG request feature of up to \$50,000 to help deflate the preparation expenses by the country on a reimbursement basis.*
- Follow the same GEF Agency internal approval process before implementation start.

There is also a two-step approach, if required:

- Submission of a <u>PIF</u> with PPG request, if needed;
- Submission of a well-prepared final MSP document plus a MSP Approval Request for CEO approval; and
- Follow the same GEF Agency internal approval process before implementation start.

^{*} The one-step feature and the reimbursement of up to \$50,000 for project preparation expenses are new features proposed by an Inter-agency Project Cycle Working Group and included in a project cycle paper submitted to the October 2014 Council Meeting.



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Enabling Activities Project Cycle

Enabling Activities grant may avail any of the following two paths:

<u>Direct Access</u> (follow direct access policy – applies the World Bank Operations Policies and Procedures):

- Country submits EA proposal for CEO approval;
- ➤ CEO and country sign Grant Agreement and implementation starts.

Regular procedures of applying EA grant through Agencies:

- Agency submits EA proposal for CEO approval;
- Agency follows its own internal approval procedure and implementation starts; signs grant agreement with the country.



Country endorsement

Endorsement by a national Operational Focal Point (OFP) is a requirement for the following:

- ➤ All FSP <u>PIFs</u> entering the work program, two-step MSP PIFs and Project Preparation Grants (PPGs) application;
- Program Framework Documents submitted for work program inclusion;
- Request for CEO approval of <u>MSP</u> final projects in a one-step MSP process;
- All Enabling Activities require CEO approval.

Projects in biodiversity, climate change, and land degradation focal areas also follow STAR rules.





Project baseline

- Project Baseline: Activities that would happen in using fossil fuels without GEF's investment
- The costs of the baseline activities: to be covered by normal development expenditures such as government budgets, bilateral aid, the private sector, NGO resources, and loans from international financial institutions, including IDA.
- The impacts of the baseline activities (GHG emissions from fossil energy): to be estimated through historical projects and/or trend analyses

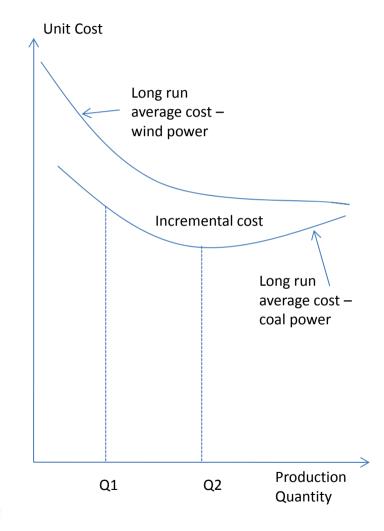




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Renewable energy project incremental costs

- **GEF Project: Activities that would** happen with GEF's investment
- Incremental costs of the GEF project may include
 - technology licensing;
 - procurement of equipment and engineering services;
 - acquisition of additional natural resources, such as land for wind farm development;
 - **policy**, standard and code development
 - training for professionals to manage new technologies, etc.





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GEF CSP Project in Morocco

 Partners: World Bank and Office National De L'electricite

Project Finance:

GEF Grant: \$43.9 million (8%)

Co-financing: \$524 million (92%)

Features:

Build 225 kV power lines, a 225 kV substation, and an access

road

Install 20 MW of solar power

Impacts:

Install 20 MW of solar power

Generate 37.5 GWh per year

The project will reduce 450,000 tonnes of CO₂ in 20 years





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GEF Co-financing

- Total of cash and in-kind resources committed by:
 - governments,
 - other multilateral or bilateral sources, private sector,
 - NGOs, project beneficiaries, and concerned GEF agencies.
- Essential for meeting the GEF project objectives



Review criteria for FSP/MSP

- ✓ Country eligibility and ownership
- ✓ Global Environment Benefits
- ✓ GEF Focal area strategy
- ✓ Agency's Comparative advantage
- ✓ Resource availability
- ✓ Project consistency
- ✓ Project design
- ✓ Project financing and co-financing
- ✓ Monitoring and evaluation; and
- ✓ Agency's responses to comments and reviews



Thank you!

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