

EGYPT'S VIEWS ON PRE-2020 MITIGATION & CDM

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<u>Outline</u>

Key data

Egypt's emissions / vulnerability

Egypt's CDM Current Situation

Situation Analysis

PRE-2020 Mitigation from Egypt's Perspective

Inquiries / Ways to improve

Key Data - Egypt

- United Nation Framework Convention on Climate Change:

- Signed: 09 June 1992
- Ratified: 05 December 1994
- > Entry into force: 05 March 1995
- Kyoto Protocol:
- Signed: 15 March 1999
- Ratified: 12 January 2005
- > Entry into force: 12 April 2005
- Egypt issued 1st National Communication in 1999, and 2nd National Communication in 2010, and now 3rd NC in process.
- Egypt has started preparation of 1st Biennial Update Report.
- Egyptian DNA established in 2005 & restructured in 2009

Establishing National Committee for climate change in 2007 & now under development progress to be National Council.

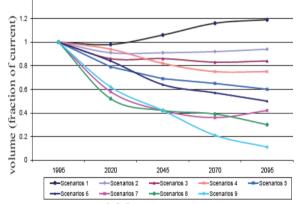
Emissions / Vulnerability

Year	1990 (INC,99)	2000 (SNC, 10)	2005 (TNC, 14)
GHG Emissions Without LUCF	116,739.6	193,237.6	???
Egypt's share to world emissions	0.4 %	0.58%	???

1.4



Extreme weather events



Water stress





0 - - 50 km

Seal level rise

Nile Delta Potential impact of sea level rise

0.5 m

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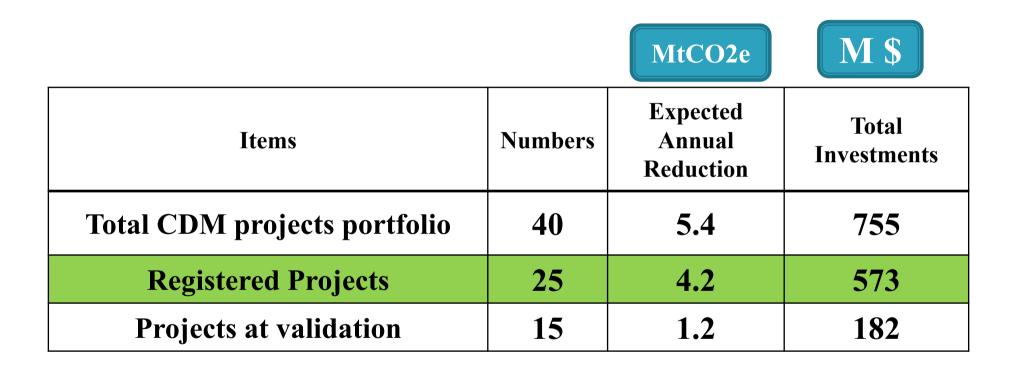
Coral reefs bleaching

Egypt's CDM Current Situation



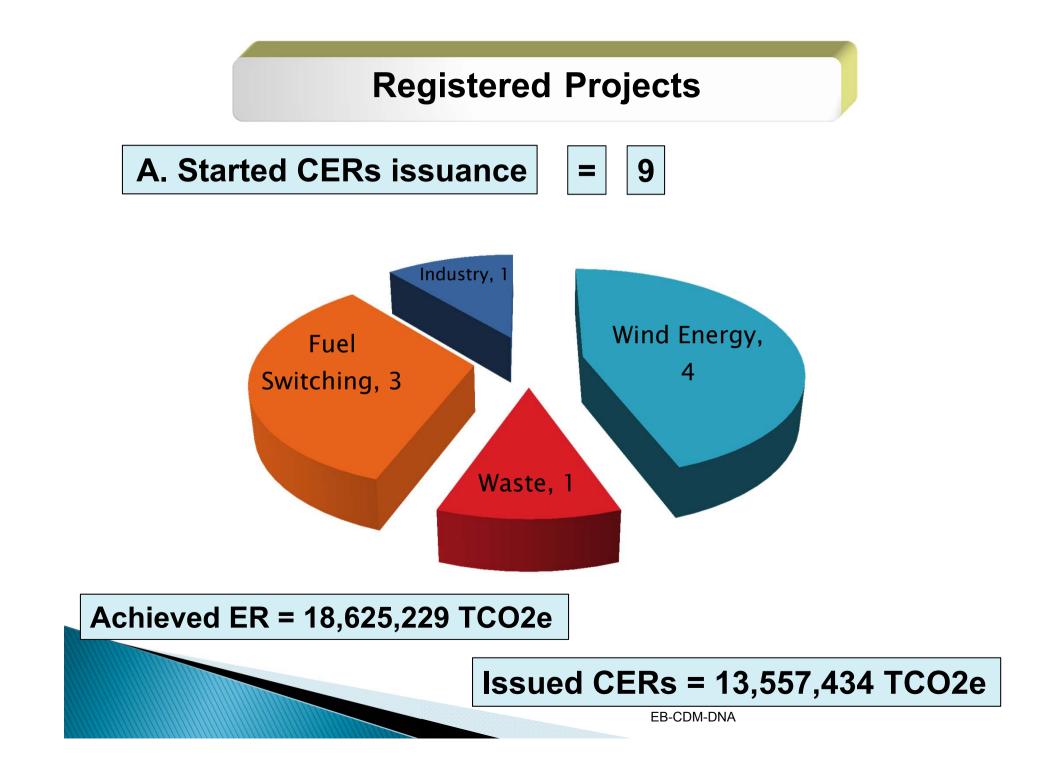
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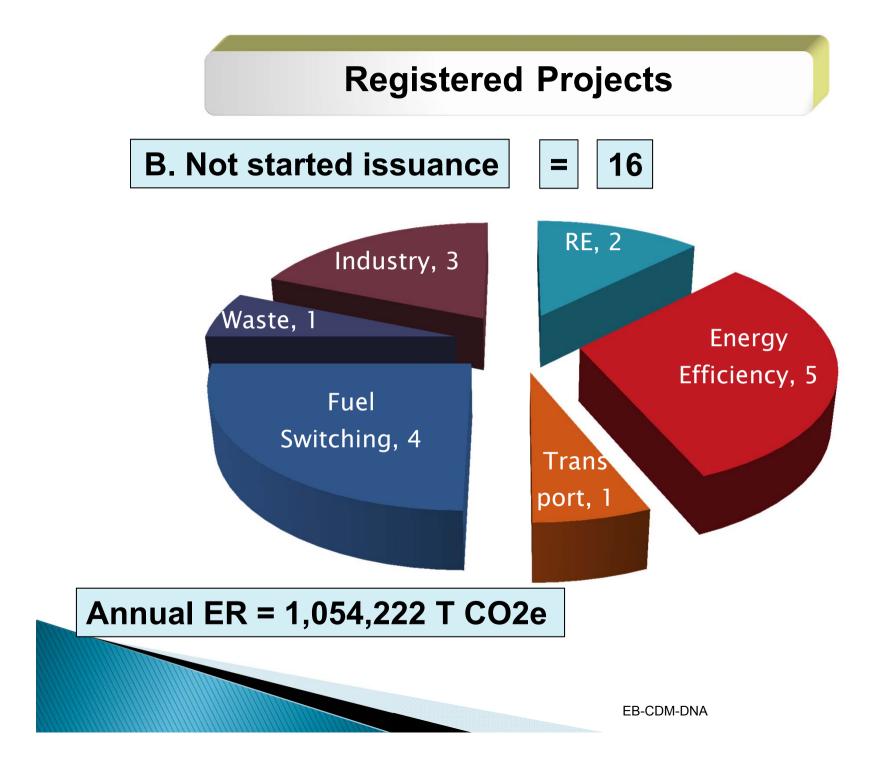
Egyptian CDM Projects



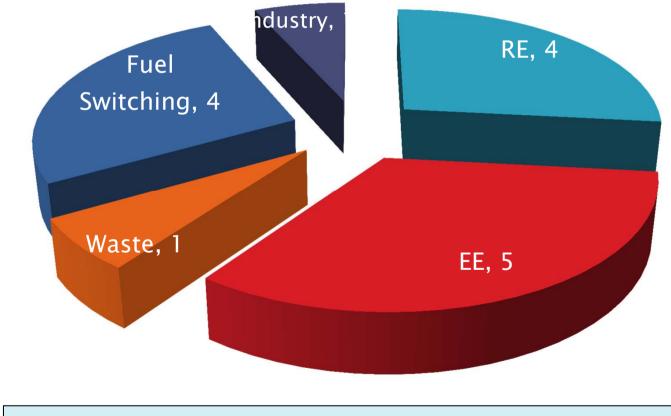
Under the current rules, emission reductions achieved can not be counted for use by developing countries (only for selling it)

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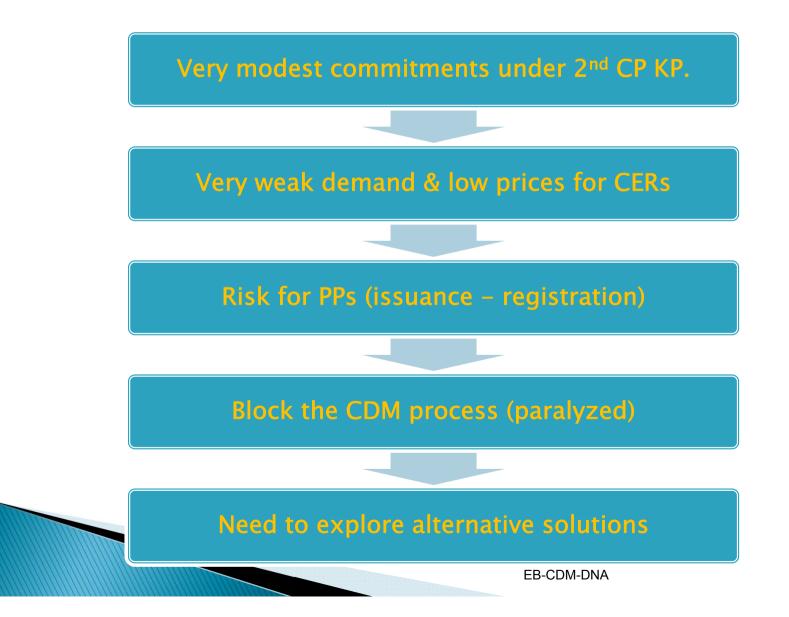
Projects at Validation

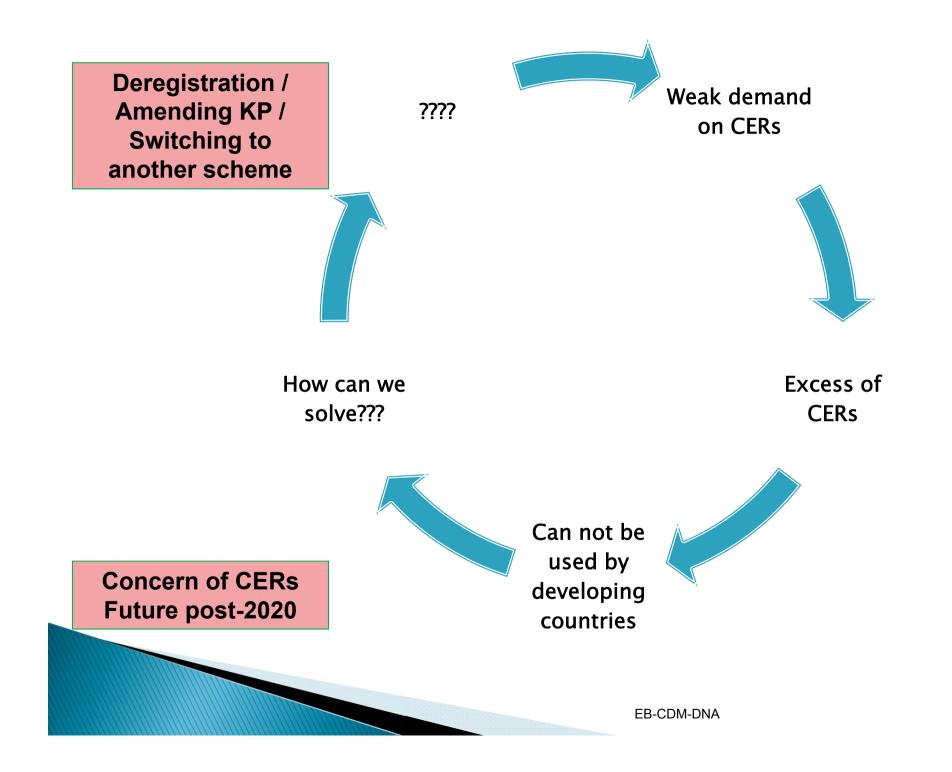


Annual Estimated ER = 1.2 Million TCO2e

EB-CDM-DNA

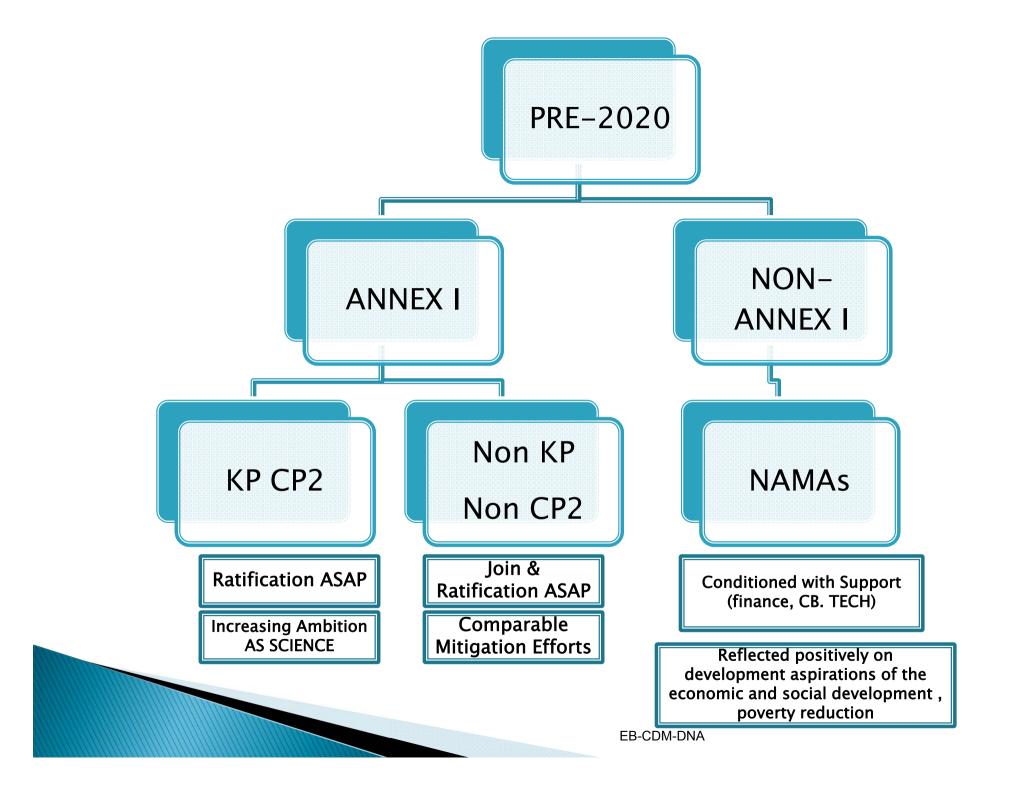
What is the situation?



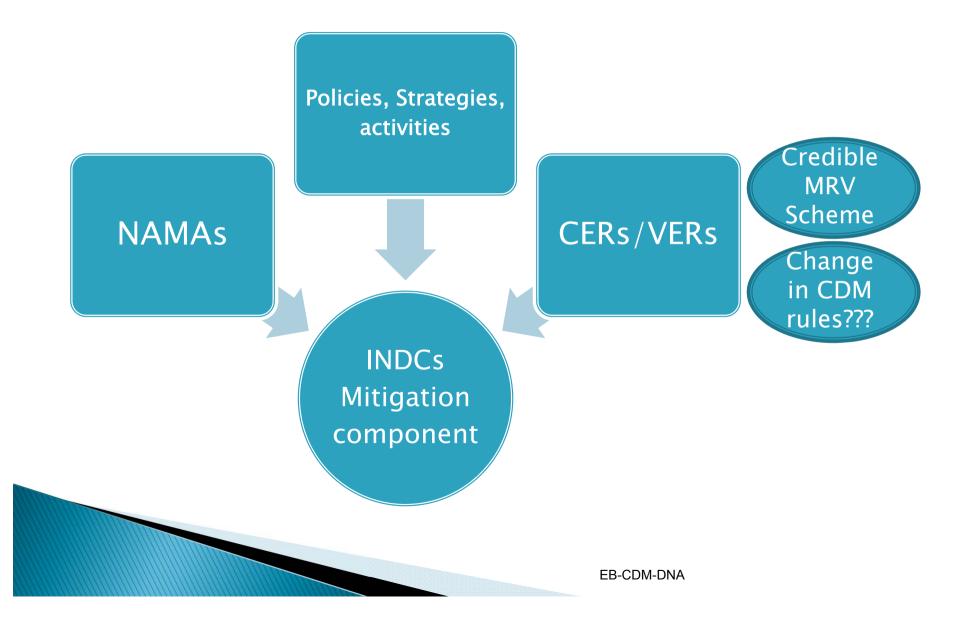


Egypt's position For PRE-2020 Mitigation





Urgent requirement



<u>Inquiries</u>

- Low prices while no way to use by NAI (only to sell), if use (domestic).
- The fate of future CERs post-2020 (main concern by PPs).
- While there is a parallel required INDCs.



Ways to tackle

Credits from market mechanisms: Switzerland will realize its INDC mainly domestically and will partly use carbon credits from international mechanisms.

Use of carbon credits with high environmental standards: Switzerland will use carbon credits
from international mechanisms that deliver real, permanent, additional and verified mitigation
outcomes and meet high environmental standards. Quality criteria which are at least in line with
those of Switzerland's current national legislation will be applied. Switzerland intends to use the
CDM. In this context, Switzerland supports the revision of its modalities and procedures to fit in
the new climate regime. Switzerland also intends to use, as appropriate, the new market
mechanisms under the Convention (NMM, activities under the FVA).

• For Pre-2020

- 1 Raising Ambition by AI.
- 2- Domestic use of CDM in support of NAMAs and other mitigation policies in NAI.
- 3- Simplification of CDM M & P & Guidance.
- 4- Promote CERs (Join with other scheme, like **voluntary** market) to increase its SD & market

value..

