



**PROJECT
DEVELOPER
FORUM**

Project Developer Forum

Innovative Approaches to Additionality

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Chairman

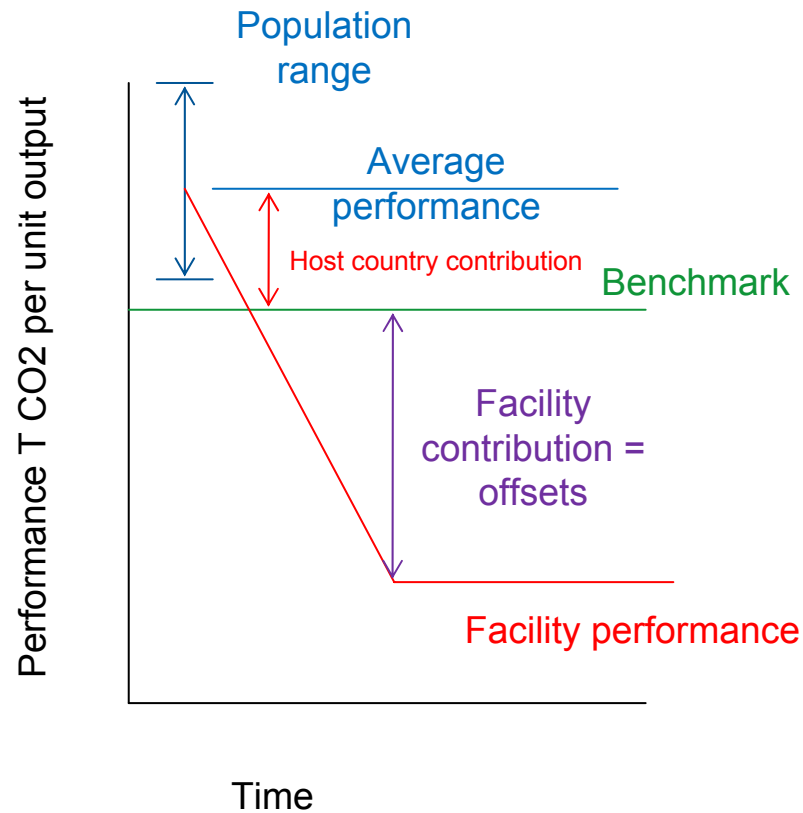
Introduction and contents

- “Conventional” CDM has 3 types of methodologies, each with a different approach to additionality
- Scale up of CDM projects may be achievable through PoA
- Standardized Baselines provides the opportunity to define new approaches to additionality
- New approaches to additionality combined with different types of methodologies can also achieve scale up

- Two “new” types of additionality to be proposed
- A methodology design decision tree

- Conclusions

Benchmarks

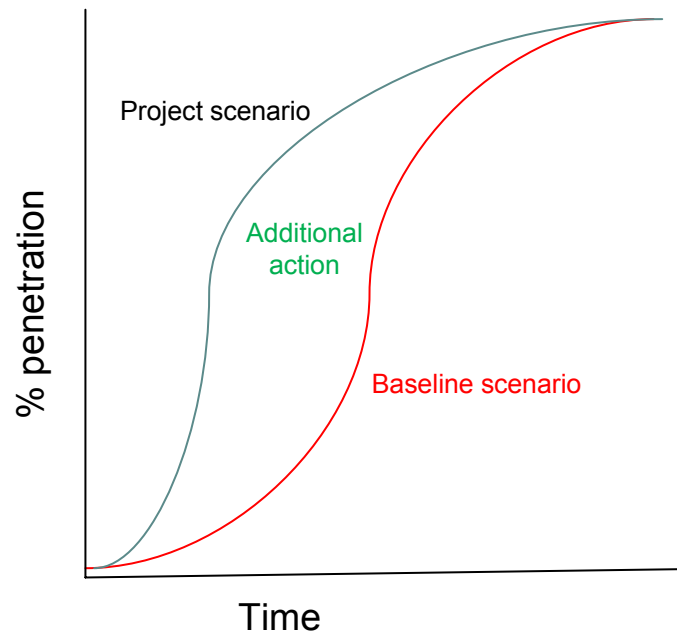


- A benchmark is a performance standard which must exceed the current level of performance for the population in question – existing CDM or ODA demonstration projects may need special treatment
- Works well with homogenous populations; heterogeneous populations will need stratification
 - Either way, you need good institutional infrastructure
- Measure performance amongst a sample of the population and set a benchmark with lower emissions
- Benchmark can be achieved via better management, retrofit, new equipment... whatever.
- Only measure total emissions and total production

Benchmarks – environmental integrity

- Because the benchmark reflects better than current performance amongst peers, reaching the benchmark means you are exceeding your peers' performance; beating it means you are acting additionally and creating offsets
- The uplift between current performance and the benchmark generates offsets for domestic contribution
- Performance beyond the BM creates international offsets
- No credits for early movers – they need a different baseline, or they need to be compensated in some way
- Baseline is static or dynamic, but this is defined ex ante
- Limit the crediting period to 10 years and redefine a new baseline thereafter

Accelerated market / technology penetration



- Establish baseline for technology penetration
- Project should “shift the curve to the left”
- Credits awarded for the difference in penetration *
e.g. deemed saving per unit
- Examples: hydro power; potable water; CFL; EE retrofit; new technology

Accelerated market / technology penetration - Environmental integrity

- Self regulating— once baseline scenario penetration curve and the project scenario penetration curve meet, the project is finished. Or the crediting period can be stopped at 10 yrs or X% penetration if necessary
- Emphasis is placed on the determination of the baseline penetration curve
 - In the commercial sector, third parties / consultants sell these projections and industries base their production and marketing activities on them (same as use of design institutes and consultants to establish conventional baseline)
 - In the non-commercial sector, governments , IGOs, NGOs may have policies and programs for roll out
- The approach rewards action sooner rather than later, increasing the social / crisis time benefit of the project
- CERs per unit of activity are then determined using for example a deemed savings approach

Methodology Design Decision Tree

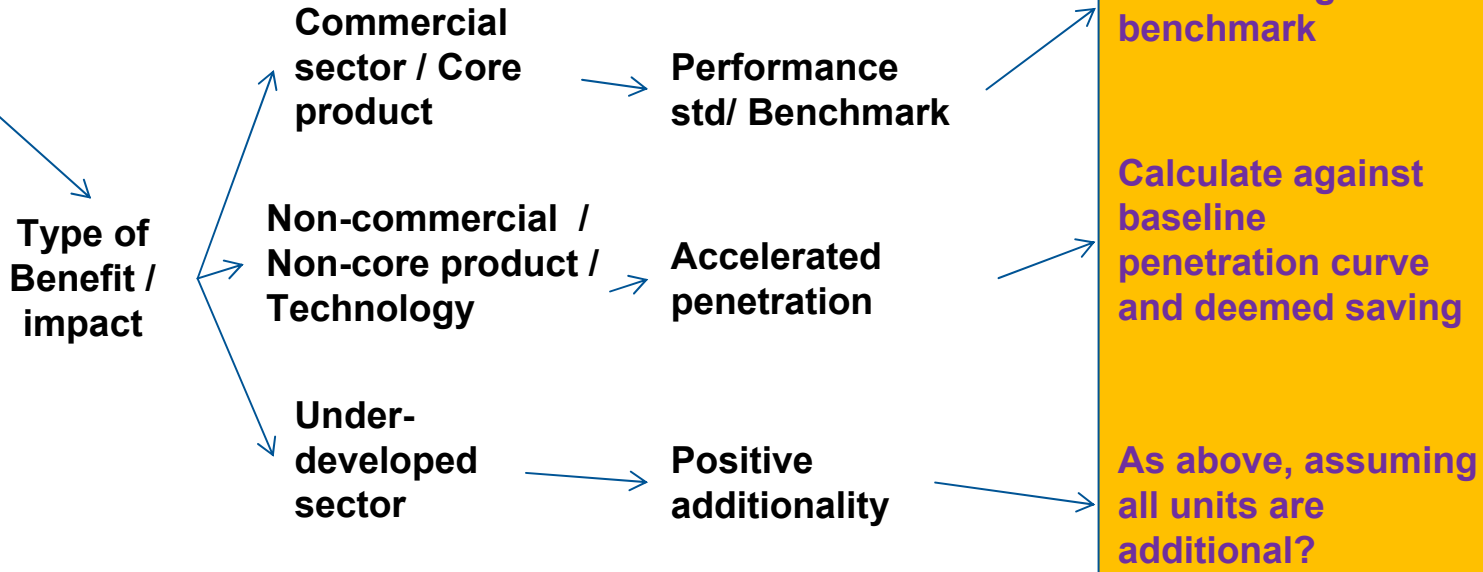
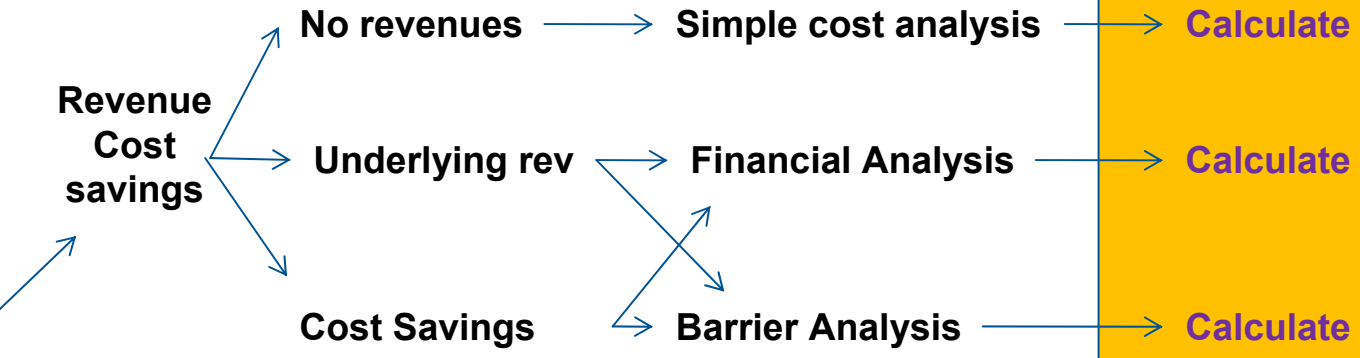
Project

Single or several sites / facilities

Scale

Multi site or "community"

Sector



PROJECT

Quantify baseline and CERs

Calculate

Calculate

Calculate

Calculate against benchmark

Calculate against baseline penetration curve and deemed saving

As above, assuming all units are additional?

Conclusions

- New approaches to additionality
- Combined with standardized baselines
- Can define new types of CDM methodologies
- Which will deliver scale up
- May also address the desire to move into sectoral initiatives without setting targets

Sources of information on market penetration

<u>Sector</u>	<u>Source</u>	<u>Link</u>
Private sector market researchers/consultants/forecasters		
Various industries	Frost and Sullivan	http://www.frost.com/prod/servlet/research.pag
Country and several industries	Global Insight Economic Intelligence Unit JD Power Business Monitor Oxford Economics	http://www.ihs.com/products/global-insight/index.aspx http://www.eiu.com/public/ http://www.jdpower.com/autos http://www.businessmonitor.com/ http://www.oxfordeconomics.com/
ICT	The Partnership on Measuring ICT for Development (launched in 2004)	http://www.itu.int/ITU-D/ict/statistics/ict/index.html
Automotive	Sloan Automotive Laboratory Laboratory for Energy and the Environment MIT	http://web.mit.edu/sloan-auto-lab/research/beforeh2/files/kromer_electric_powertrains.pdf
Local institutions with local penetration data		
India	e.g. TERI Energy Data Directory and Yearbook at	http://www.teriin.org/index.php
International institutions		
Africa	African Development Bank	www.afdb.org
Asia	Asian Development Bank	www.adb.org
Agriculture	Food and Agricultural Organizations	www.fao.org
International Organisations / Trade Associations		
Cement	WBCSD Cement Sustainability Initiative	www..wbcsd.org
Universities		
Biomass stoves in China	Work between Beijing University and University of Berkeley	http://www.pciaonline.org/beijing-university-chemical-technology-buct