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1472 "Surplus power generation for grid" at Vayyuru, Andhra Pradesh Project Participant's Responses to the "Request for Review"

11 April 2008 The CDM Executive Board c/o UNFCCC Secretariat Martin Luther King Strasse 8 D-53153 Bonn Germany

Dear CDM Executive Board,

We are hereby submitting our responses to the requests for review of the "Surplus power generation for grid" at Vayyuru, Andhra Pradesh; Project activity 1472. We have provided the necessary details to each of the queries as required by the Executive Board for registering the project activity.

Query 1 of the Request for Review:

The use of a 10-year period of assessment for the investment analysis should be justified in the context of the project activity.

Project Participant's Response to Query 1:

It may be noted that the lifetime of the project activity is 20 years and therefore it is normally appropriate to perform the investment analysis over a 20 year-period. However, investment analysis is performed over a 10-year period due to the following reasons:

The revenue to the project activity depends on the purchase tariff for the electricity exported to grid, which has been determined by the Andhra Pradesh Electricity Regulatory Commission (APERC). APERC, in its Tariff Order (T.O.) dated 20 March 2004 (Annex 1.a¹ - T.O.), has determined the purchase tariff for bagasse based cogeneration plants (pages 22 to 32 of the order). However, APERC has determined and fixed the tariff only for the first 10-years of operation. As stated in the tariff order (T.O. page 60 paragraph vii) and Power Purchase Agreement (PPA – Annex 1.b, page 6, paragraph 2.2), the tariff for the next 10-years would be determined by the APERC at the end of the first 10-year period. In light of the above and considering that any assumption of the tariff applicable beyond 10-years may lead to inaccurate results/investment decision, we have adopted a 10-year period for investment analysis. The residual value of the equipments at the end of 10-years (46% of the capital value) has been accounted in the analysis.

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¹ http://www.ercap.org/OtherOrders/Order_RP_84_2003.doc



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This justifies the 10-year period for investment analysis adopted for this project activity. However, to asses the conservativeness of the 10-year analysis period and further substantiate the necessity of CDM funds, an investment analysis for a 20-year period is being furnished (Annex 1.c). In the absence of a purchase tariff for years 11-20, the following tariff is being assumed for this analysis:

Tariff computed for years 11-20:

As indicated in the APERC tariff order, the tariff consists of three components; fixed cost portion, variable cost portion and incentive portion.

Fixed cost portion of tariff:

The fixed cost portion of the tariff indicated in the tariff order (T.O. page 30, paragraph 46) is on a reducing trend over the first 10-year period. As stated in the tariff order (T.O. page 30 paragraph 45 and page 61, paragraph 82), the fixed cost portion is a front loaded one and is likely to reduce substantially after the first 10 years. However, as a conservative assumption, the fixed cost portion of the tariff for years 11-20 is being maintained at the value applicable for year 10 (INR 0.90 per kWh) without any discounting.

Variable cost portion of tariff:

The variable cost portion of the tariff is on an increasing trend over the first 10-year period increasing at the rate of 5% per annum (T.O. page 31). The same 5% escalation is adopted for years 11-20. For this project activity, the variable cost portion applicable for first year of operation (2005-06) is INR 1.070 per kWh.

Incentive portion of tariff:

The incentive is constant for the first 10-year period and the same is being adopted for years 11-20, which is INR 0.215 per kWh (T.O. page 32, paragraph 47).

Summary of Tariff adopted for years 11-20:

Year of operation (n th year)	Fixed Cost Rs / Unit (A)	Variable Cost Rs / Unit (B)	Incentive for Energy export >55% PLF (C)	Tariff for Energy export<55 % PLF (A+B)	Tariff for Energy export>55 % PLF (B+C)
10 th	0.90	1.66	0.215	2.56	1.88
11 th	0.90	1.75	0.22	2.65	1.96
12 th	0.90	1.83	0.22	2.73	2.05
13 th	0.90	1.92	0.22	2.82	2.14
14 th	0.90	2.02	0.22	2.92	2.24
15 th	0.90	2.12	0.22	3.02	2.34
16 th	0.90	2.23	0.22	3.13	2.44
17 th	0.90	2.34	0.22	3.24	2.55

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18 th	0.90	2.46	0.22	3.36	2.67
19 th	0.90	2.58	0.22	3.48	2.79
20 th	0.90	2.71	0.22	3.61	2.92

Results summary:

IRR	Without CDM	With CDM	Benchmark Rate of Return
10-years	8.6%	14.2%	14%
20-years	11.2%	15.4%	14%

Sensitivity analysis for 20-year period:

	Sensitivity Ar	nalysis (% IRR)	
	Normal O&M	+10% O&M	-10% O&M
Normal Gen	11.2%	11.0%	11.4%
+10% Gen	12.4%	12.2%	12.7%
-10% Gen	9.9%	9.7%	10.2%

The investment analysis calculations and input values used have been verified and certified by a Chartered Accountant (CA) and found to be inline with general accounting principles (Annex 1.d – CA certificate for 20-year investment analysis).

Query 2 of the Request for Review:

The source of the input values in the investment analysis should be transparently described and be validated by the DOE.

Project Participant's Response to Query 2:

The inputs values used in the investment analysis have been adopted based on industry standards, historical average data and applicable policies as relevant to result in an accurate estimation of the rate of return from the project. The following table describes the source/basis of each input value used in the investment analysis:



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S.No	Input Value	Source/Basis Comments									
1	Capital Cost:	Cost Estimation done by KCP Sugars and Industries Corporation									
	INR 2100	Limited (KCP SICL) based on information from equipment vendors.									
	Lakhs	The cost estimate is provided as part of their Cogeneration Project									
	Liumis	Proposal, page 7. (Annex 2.a – Project Proposal)									
		-			974						
		The actual capital cost incurred is INR 2228 Lakhs. This has been									
		verified	and certific	ed by a C	hartered Acc	countant (CA)	with purchase				
		orders (Annex 2.b	– CA cert	rificate of ca	pital cost)					
	Power exported					and provided i	n the				
-	(kW):		ration Proje	-		and provided i	ii tiic				
	5500 kW		wer generati								
		Sugar p	lant consun	nption = 5	$5.4 \mathrm{MW}^2$						
		Surplus	for export	=(11-5.	4) – (Line a	nd transformer	loss 2%)				
		Surplus for export = $(11 - 5.4)$ – (Line and transformer loss 2%									
		= 5.5 M	IW = 55001	c W	This has been estimated based on actual operating data in historical						
	Number of		IW = 5500 I		ed an against						
	Number of	This ha			ed on actual	operating data	in historical				
	Number of operating days:				ed on actual	operating data	in historical				
		This ha	s been estim	nated base		operating data					
	operating days:	This hayears.	s been esting	nated base	signed to op	erate only whe	n the sugar pla				
	operating days: 140 days per	This hayears. The cog	s been esting generation peration and	nated base lant is des	signed to op		n the sugar pla				
3	operating days: 140 days per year	This hayears. The cog	s been esting	lant is destant therefore	signed to op its operating	erate only whe	n the sugar pla				
	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity	This hayears. The cog	s been esting generation peration and	lant is destinated base therefore ant.	signed to op	erate only whe	n the sugar pla				
	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity Utilization factor	This hay ears. The cog is in ope that of t	s been esting generation peration and the sugar pla	lant is destinated base therefore ant. Histor	signed to op its operating rical operat Cane	erate only whe g days is directl ing data* Crushing	n the sugar pla by linked with Capacity				
	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity	This hayears. The cog	s been esting generation peration and	lant is destinated base therefore ant.	signed to op its operating rical operat Cane Crushed	erate only whe g days is directl ing data* Crushing capacity	n the sugar pla ly linked with Capacity Utilization				
	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity Utilization factor	This hay ears. The cog is in ope that of t	s been esting generation peration and the sugar pla	lant is destinated base therefore ant. Histor	signed to op its operating rical operat Cane	erate only whe g days is directl ing data* Crushing	n the sugar pla by linked with Capacity Utilization				
	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity Utilization factor during operating	This hay years. The cog is in ope that of t	s been esting generation peration and the sugar pla	lant is destinated base therefore ant. Histor Actual days	signed to op its operating rical operat Cane Crushed Tonnes	erate only when days is directled ing data* Crushing capacity Tonnes/day (C) , 7500	n the sugar pla by linked with Capacity Utilization				
	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity Utilization factor during operating	This hay years. The cog is in ope that of to some some some series and some series are some series.	year 1997-98 1998-99	lant is destant. Histor Actual days (A) 141 182	rical operating Cane Crushed Tonnes (B) 932051 1047565	erate only whe g days is directl ing data* Crushing capacity Tonnes/day (C) , 7500 7500	Capacity Utilization (B/(A*C))*10				
	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity Utilization factor during operating	This hay years. The cog is in ope that of to the second se	year 1997-98 1998-99 1999-00	lant is destant. Histor Actual days (A) 141 182 105	rical operating Cane Crushed Tonnes (B) 932051 1047565 609354	erate only when days is directly ing data* Crushing capacity Tonnes/day (C) , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500	Capacity Utilization (B/(A*C))*10 88.1 76.7 77.4				
	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity Utilization factor during operating	This hay ears. The cog is in ope that of the second	year 1997-98 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01	lant is destable therefore ant. Histor Actual days (A) 141 182 105 108	rical operating Cane Crushed Tonnes (B) 932051 1047565 609354 688821	erate only when a days is directly days is directly ing data* Crushing capacity Tonnes/day (C) , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500	Capacity Utilization (B/(A*C))*10 88.1 76.7 77.4 85.0				
	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity Utilization factor during operating	This ha years. The cog is in ope that of t	year 1997-98 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02	lant is destable therefore ant. Histor Actual days (A) 141 182 105 108 140	rical operating rical operat Cane Crushed Tonnes (B) 932051 1047565 609354 688821 974932	erate only when a days is directly days is directly ing data* Crushing capacity Tonnes/day (C) , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500	Capacity Utilization (B/(A*C))*10 88.1 76.7 77.4 85.0 92.9				
	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity Utilization factor during operating	This hay years. The cog is in ope that of to some that of to some that of to some that of to some that of the some that of th	year 1997-98 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	lant is destant. Histor Actual days (A) 141 182 105 108 140 153	rical operating rical operat Cane Crushed Tonnes (B) 932051 1047565 609354 688821 974932 1014957	erate only whe days is directly days is directly data* Crushing capacity Tonnes/day (C) , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500	Capacity Utilization (B/(A*C))*10 88.1 76.7 77.4 85.0 92.9 88.4				
A	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity Utilization factor during operating	This ha years. The cog is in ope that of t	year 1997-98 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03 2003-04	lant is destant. Histor Actual days (A) 141 182 105 108 140 153 141	rical operating rical operat Cane Crushed Tonnes (B) 932051 1047565 609354 688821 974932 1014957 997945	erate only when days is directly days is directly ing data* Crushing capacity Tonnes/day (C) . 7500 . 7500 . 7500 . 7500 . 7500 . 7500 . 7500 . 7500 . 7500 . 7500 . 7500 . 7500 . 7500 . 7500	Capacity Utilization 88.1 76.7 77.4 85.0 92.9 88.4 94.4				
	operating days: 140 days per year Capacity Utilization factor during operating	This hay years. The cog is in ope that of to some that of to some that of to some that of to some that of the some that of th	year 1997-98 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	lant is destant. Histor Actual days (A) 141 182 105 108 140 153	rical operating rical operat Cane Crushed Tonnes (B) 932051 1047565 609354 688821 974932 1014957	erate only whe days is directly days is directly data* Crushing capacity Tonnes/day (C) , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500 , 7500	Capacity Utilization (B/(A*C))*10 88.1 76.7 77.4 85.0 92.9 88.4				

² Based on actual historic consumption of the sugar factory

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			for the bistorical wages has been				
		The sugar plant production data	**				
		analyzed to calculate the average w					
		days) and the capacity utilization factor (86%). Based on the above, the following assumptions have been considered for the financial workings.					
		Days of operation: 140 days per year					
		Capacity utilization during operating days: 80%.					
		Though the historic capacity utilizat	ion of the sugar plant is around 86%				
		the same cannot be expected for	grid connected power export. A				
		capacity utilization of 80% has be	en adopted after deducting for grid				
		availability and other factors due to	o the parallel operation of the plan				
		with the grid.					
		Even if the capacity utilization factor	r of the project activity is considered				
		equal to that of the sugar plant (of 86	6%), the IRR increases from 8.6% to				
		9.5%, which is still lower than the be	enchmark 14%.				
4	Operation and	As per O&M cost considered in API	ERC tariff order for bagasse co-				
		generation plants (T.O. page 26)					
	Maintenance	generation plants (T.O. page 26)					
		generation plants (T.O. page 26)					
	Maintenance	generation plants (T.O. page 26)					
	Maintenance Cost: 3% of	generation plants (T.O. page 26)					
	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost	generation plants (T.O. page 26)					
	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost (2% for Repairs	generation plants (T.O. page 26)					
	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost (2% for Repairs and Maintenance	generation plants (T.O. page 26)					
5	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost (2% for Repairs and Maintenance and 1% for	generation plants (T.O. page 26) As per O&M cost considered in API	ERC tariff order (T.O. page 27)				
	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost (2% for Repairs and Maintenance and 1% for Insurance)		ERC tariff order (T.O. page 27)				
5	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost (2% for Repairs and Maintenance and 1% for Insurance) O&M cost		ERC tariff order (T.O. page 27) The APERC Tariff Order has not				
5	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost (2% for Repairs and Maintenance and 1% for Insurance) O&M cost escalation – 4%	As per O&M cost considered in API	The APERC Tariff Order has not				
5	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost (2% for Repairs and Maintenance and 1% for Insurance) O&M cost escalation – 4% Salaries and	As per O&M cost considered in API Conservative estimation based on	The APERC Tariff Order has not considered these two components				
5	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost (2% for Repairs and Maintenance and 1% for Insurance) O&M cost escalation – 4% Salaries and Wages: INR 5.5	As per O&M cost considered in API Conservative estimation based on additional manpower required for					
	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost (2% for Repairs and Maintenance and 1% for Insurance) O&M cost escalation – 4% Salaries and Wages: INR 5.5 Lakhs	As per O&M cost considered in API Conservative estimation based on additional manpower required for grid connected operation	The APERC Tariff Order has not considered these two components – Salaries and Wages and Admin Expenses. If these two				
5	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost (2% for Repairs and Maintenance and 1% for Insurance) O&M cost escalation – 4% Salaries and Wages: INR 5.5 Lakhs Escalation in	As per O&M cost considered in API Conservative estimation based on additional manpower required for grid connected operation	The APERC Tariff Order has not considered these two components – Salaries and Wages and Admin				
5	Maintenance Cost: 3% of capital cost (2% for Repairs and Maintenance and 1% for Insurance) O&M cost escalation – 4% Salaries and Wages: INR 5.5 Lakhs Escalation in Salaries and	As per O&M cost considered in API Conservative estimation based on additional manpower required for grid connected operation	The APERC Tariff Order has not considered these two components - Salaries and Wages and Admin Expenses. If these two components are not included in				

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9	Escalation in Admin Expenses: 5%	Conservative estimation	the benchmark 14%.
10	Rate of depreciation Plant and Machinery: 5.28% Civil works: 3.34%	As per Schedule XIV of Companies Act ³ of the Government of India (Annex 2.c – pages 76,77)	The APERC Tariff order has considered a rate of 7.84%. If this rate is adopted, the IRR reduces from 8.6% to 6.4%.
11	Rate of depreciation for Income Tax computation Plant and Machinery: 80% Civil works: 10%	As per Income Tax Act of Government	nt of India
12	Minimum alternate tax – 8.415%	As per Income Tax Act of Government	nt of India
13	İncome Tax holiday: 10 years	As per Income Tax Act, a 10 year income renewable power plants. This benefit calculations at the appropriate time per therefore improve returns from the pro-	has been considered in the eriod to maximize the benefits and

Power Purchase tariff:

The purchase tariff considered for the IRR calculations is as per the latest APERC Tariff order that was available (Refer Annex 1.a). Following is the purchase tariff fixed by APERC for bagasse based projects in the above order (pages 22 to 32):

The tariff consists of three components: fixed cost, variable cost and incentive. The sum of fixed cost and variable cost is payable to the quantity of energy exported within the threshold PLF limit

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³ http://www.mca.gov.in/MinistryWebsite/dca/actsbills/actsbills.html



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of 55%. For the energy exported above the threshold PLF, only the variable cost plus an incentive of INR 0.215 per kWh is payable.

Variable cost has been determined till year 2008-09 in the tariff order. For the years beyond 2008-09, the variable cost has been calculated with a 5% annual escalation (As per the escalation levels for the previous years). The consolidated purchase tariff as per APERC tariff order considered for investment analysis is as below:

Year of operation (n th year)	Fixed Cost Rs / Unit (A)	Financial Year	Variable Cost Rs / Unit (B)	Incentive for Energy export >55% PLF (C)	Tariff for Energy export<55 % PLF (A+B)	Tariff for Energy export>55 % PLF (B+C)
1 st	1.72	2005-2006	1.070	0.215	2.790	1.285
2 nd	1.67	2006-2007	1.120	0.215	2.790	1.335
3 rd	1.63	2007-2008	1.180	0.215	2.810	1.395
4 th	1.59	2008-2009	1.240	0.215	2.830	1.455
5 th	1.55	2009-2010	1.302	0.215	2.852	1.517
6 th	1.51	2010-2011	1.367	0.215	2.877	1.582
7 th	1.47	2011-2012	1.435	0.215	2.905	1.650
8 th	1.43	2012-2013	1.507	0.215	2.937	1.722
9 th	1.35	2013-2014	1.583	0.215	2.933	1.798
10 th	0.90	2014-2015	1.662	0.215	2.562	1.877

Query 3 of the Request for Review:

Given the time gap between the decision to invest in the project activity and the commencement of validation the DOE should state with what level of assurance it considers that this project activity would not have been implemented without the CDM.

Project Participant's Response to Query 3:

The following chronological sequence of events describes the stages in the CDM process underwent by KCP SICL. The reason for the time gap between the decision to invest in the project activity and commencement of validation is also evident from the below:



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S.No	Event	Date	Reference
	The Company's Board of Directors give clearance to the initial cogeneration project proposal of setting up a cogeneration plant. It was decided that the actual project implementation may commence depending on the policies (read as purchase tariff) of the Andhra Pradesh Government as and when announced. The Board also authorized the Managing Director (MD), Ms.Irmgard Velagapudi, to do the necessary acts for implementing the project activity as and when appropriate. This is also reflected in our annual report 2001-02 as follows: "Your Company has already submitted an application to the appropriate authorities for setting up of a 20 MW cogeneration plant at Vuyyuru and are awaiting approvals from the state Government. Further, your Board will process in setting up of this plant depending on policies of Andhra Pradesh Government once it is	31 Jan 2002	Copy of original Board Notes. (Annex 3.a) Extracts from Annual Report 2001-02, page 15, section V under "Future Plans" (Annex 3.b)
2	Announced." However, the actual project implementation is stalled due to tariff uncertainties and lack of funds, which is reflected in our annual report 2002-03 as follows: "With the existing power tariff policy expiring on 31.03.2004, and on account of uncertainty thereafter, and considering huge outlay of capital expenditure under the present strained circumstances, your Board has decided to defer the implementation of Cogeneration plant for some more time."	October 2002	Extracts from Annual report 2002-03, page 1 section V 'Future Plans' (Annex 3.c)
3	Mr.K. Kalyanaraman, General Manager (Technical), attends a one-day seminar on "Business opportunities in Green House Gas (GHG) Emission Trading" organized by CDM Consultants at Hotel Park Sheraton, Chennai.	19 th Dec 2002	Seminar Registration Form (Annex 3.d). Seminar fee paid through Corporation Bank Demand Draft No. 162826

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4	Mr.K. Kalyanaraman briefs about CDM and emission	30 Jan 2003	Copy of original Board
	trading and the matter is discussed in length by the Board		Notes (Annex 3.e)
	of Directors. The prospective emission reduction		
	opportunities in KCP SICL that may be eligible under	-5	L. Desertion
	CDM and potential revenue from carbon trading are		
	discussed in detail.	,	
	We learnt that CDM consultancy services are being		
	offered by M/s. Green Power Management Services Pvt.		
	Ltd. and decided to employ their services for our		
	prospective CDM projects as and when required.	-	
	Part of the extracts from the Board meeting minutes state		
	as follows:		
	"The Board noted that for this purpose, the Company was		
	proposing to sign a Carbon Trading Agreement with M/s.		
	Green Power Management Services Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, at		
	the appropriate time in respect of the Company's	-1	
	following projects:		
	i. Ethanol (5% blending with petrol)		
	ii. Co-generation with Bagasse		
	iii. Power production from Methane gas		
	iv. Bio-fertilizer and Bio-mass: Usage of Bio-fertilizer		
	reduces usage of Chemical fertilizer"		
5	APERC comes out with tariff order for cogeneration	20 Mar 2004	APERC Tariff order
	power plants and therefore the tariff uncertainty is		(Annex 1.a)
	removed. However, the revised tariff (INR 2.79 per kWh)		
	is significantly lower than the earlier prevailing tariff		
	(INR 3.48 per kWh) making it unviable to implement the	-	
	cogeneration project.		
	The Cogeneration Project Proposal is revised by the	02 Sep 2004	
	project team considering CDM benefits, which make it		
	viable, and is put forward to the Managing Director (MD).		
		- 3-	Copy of project
	Project proposal is approved for implementation by the	03 Sep 2004	proposal approved by
	MD.		MD. (Annex 2.a)

[♦] Leading Manufacturers of Premium Grade Sugars, Rectified Spirit, Anhydrous Alcohol, Extraneutral Alcohol, Co2, Calcium Lactate, Bio-Fertilizers, Bio-Compost and Mycorrhiza Inoculum.

Factories at

- Vuyyuru,

Krishna Dist., A.P. - 521 165.

Tel: 08676 232001

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Krishna Dist., A.P. - 521 131.

Tel: 08671 222046



Regd. Office: "Ramakrishna Buildings", Post Box No. 727, No.239, (Old No.183), Anna Salai, Chennai - 600 006.
Ph: 044 2855 5171 to 5176, 6551 4966
Fax: 044 2854 6617 / 2855 5863
E-mail: kcpsugar@vsnl.com

7	Purchase orders placed for project equipments.	16 Nov 2004	Copy of equipment purchase orders. Verified by the DOE.
8	M/s. Green Power Management Services Pvt. Ltd., expresses wish to exit from CDM consultancy services.	Mar 2005	Copy of letter from M/s. Green Power Management Services Pvt. Ltd., (Annex 3.f)
9	We initiated dialogues with various other CDM consultants for assisting us in the CDM process.	Mar to Aug 2005	Correspondences/propo sals from other CDM consultants (Annex 3.g)
10	Appointment of a new CDM consultant	01 Sep 2005	Copy of contract between KCP SICL and CDM consultant (Annex 3.h)
11	Appointment of DOE for Validation as a small-scale CDM project (AMS I.D)	23 Feb 2006	Copy of contract with DOE (Annex 3.i)
12	CDM Global Stakeholder consultation period (as a small-scale CDM project)	02 Mar to 01 Apr 2006	UNFCCC website ⁴
13	Our discussion with the DOE after the site visit infer that the project does not fall into the small-scale category (boiler capacity higher than 45 MWh _{th})	Jan 2007	Draft Validation Protocol of DOE, CAR 2, Page 18 (Annex 3.j)
14	Revision of PDD as per ACM0006	Feb to Apr 2007	
15	Appointment of DOE for Validation as a large scale CDM project (ACM0006)	16 Apr 2007	Copy of contract with DOE (Annex 3.k)
16	CDM Global Stakeholder consultation period (as a large-scale CDM project)	02 May to 31 May 2007	UNFCCC website ⁵

It may be noted that we were aware of the CDM as early as December 2002 and had initiated the CDM process soon after the decision to implement the project activity. However, our CDM

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⁴ http://cdm.unfecc.int/Projects/Validation/DB/VN3O7B,JTS173IRQ700328LQ43HLLG/view.html

⁵ http://cdm.unfccc.int/Projects/Validation/DB/MF0VJLP5AM0QJW74KHCGLTSZA6WTKT/view.html



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process suffered an initial setback due to the premature exit of the initial CDM consultant. The CDM process suffered a further time setback when we had to switch over from the small-scale category to the large-scale category. Thus the time gap between the decision to implement the project and its CDM validation may be justified.

Query 4 of the Request for Review:

The DOE should validate that the project activity complies with the requirement of scenario 14 of ACM0006 v4 that .the existing power plant would continue to operate without significant changes, until it would need to be replaced at the end of its technical lifetime., in particular that the end of the technical lifetime is not within the proposed crediting period.

Project Participant's Response to Query 4:

It may be noted from section A.4.3 of the PDD that the existing power plant (i.e., the pre-project / baseline system) involved five numbers Turbo-Generators (TGs) of total capacity 10 MW, running on steam generated in 2 X 100 TPH boilers. The project involved the replacement of these five low pressure low efficiency TGs with two higher pressure higher efficiency TGs (one 12 MW TG and one 3 MW TG). The boilers were revamped to generate higher pressure steam. As required by ACM0006, the remaining lifetime of the existing power plant was estimated during the validation process as follows:

Remaining lifetime of the existing power plant:

TGs and boilers are the major components of the power plant and therefore the lifetime of the power plant may be considered to end when one of these components reach their end of lifetime. The remaining lifetime of the existing TGs and boilers were estimated as follows:

Remaining lifetime of TGs:

The TGs normally have a useful lifetime of around 20-25 years (i.e., 160,000 hours – 200,000 hours). The remaining life of the existing (baseline) low pressure TGs was assessed by a Chartered Engineer and has been estimated to be around 60,000 hours minimum. The life assessment report from the Chartered Engineer has been submitted to the DOE during Validation. Based on 140 days operation per year, the remaining lifetime in years may be assessed as follows: Remaining lifetime in years = 60,000 hours / (140 days X 24 hours) = 17-18 years (i.e., 2024)



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Remaining lifetime of boilers:

The boilers were manufactured and commissioned during the year 1999 and are designed for a service lifetime of 20 years. Thus, the useful lifetime of the boiler may be estimated to be *till year* 2019. Certificate from the boiler design and engineering consultant has been submitted to the DOE during Validation.

Since the end of lifetime of the boiler (2019) is earlier than that of the TGs (2024), the same is being adopted as the end of lifetime of the existing power plant (2019). The end of lifetime of the existing power plant (2019) is not within the proposed crediting period (2018) and therefore complies with the requirement of ACM0006 scenario 4.

Query 5 of the Request for Review:

As the quantity of biomass consumed is to be reported on a wet basis, the NCV reporting should be done in a consistent manner.

Project Participant's Response to Query 5:

The NCV reporting of the biomass residue has been revised in the PDD to be done in a consistent manner as per ACM0006 Version 04. The NCV monitoring on a wet basis has been now included in the revised PDD and has been submitted to the DOE.

Yours truly,

For KCP Sugars and Industries Corporation Limited

(B.R. Ja₩aharlal) Authorized Signatory