



Overview of the Paris Outcome



Outline of the presentation

- The Paris Agreement overview
- Art 6 of the Paris Agreement
- NDCs in the Paris Agreement
- Transparency and reporting under the Paris Agreement
- Next Steps



THE PARIS AGREEMENT – overview

An agreement, a global agreement



THE PARIS AGREEMENT – overview

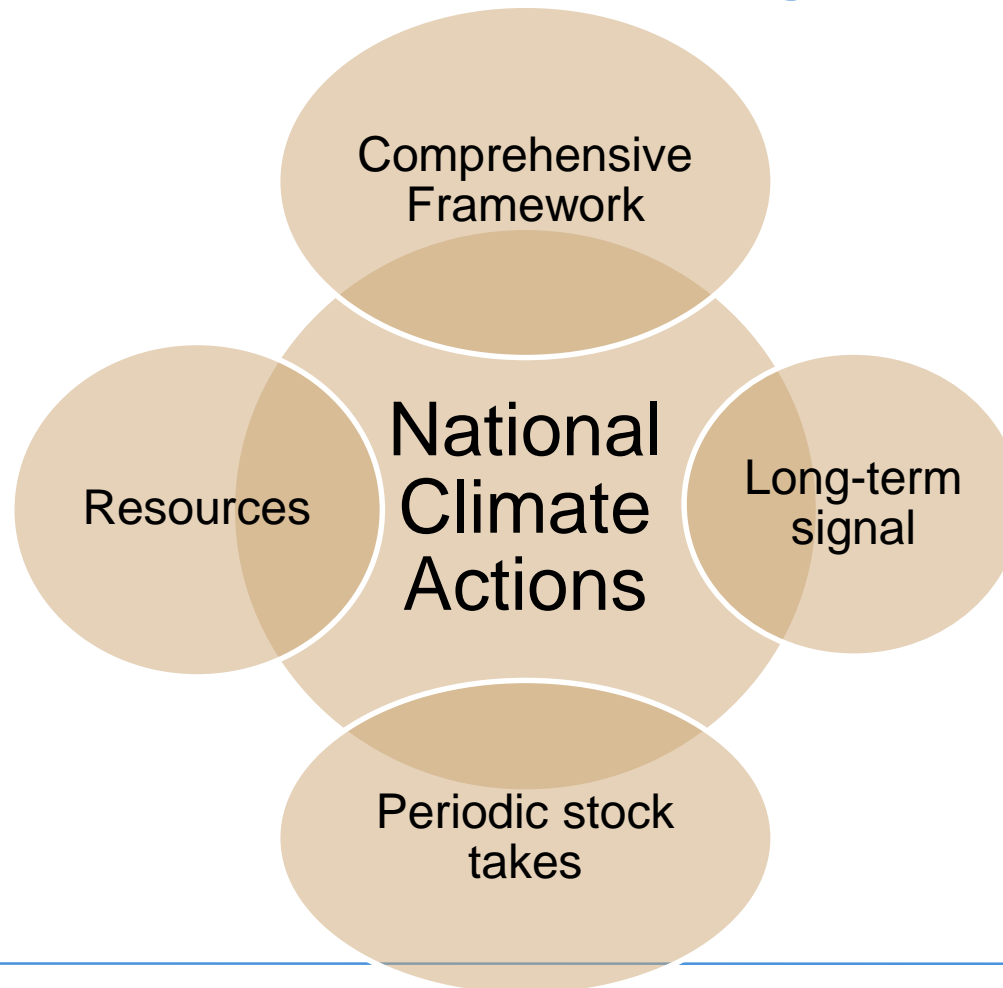
Increased ambition of the long term goal

2°C **1.5°C** **zero**



THE PARIS AGREEMENT – overview

Foundations of the outcome of the Paris Agreement



THE PARIS AGREEMENT – overview

NDCs

- 188/196 countries = 95% global GHG emissions
- Increasing ambitions, no backsliding possibility
- Actions updated every 5 years
- Tracking progress
- Support, no sanctions



THE PARIS AGREEMENT – overview

Financial assistance

- Develop countries lead, developing ones voluntarily
- USD 100 billion annually by 2020 through 2025
- Transparency
- Green investment



THE PARIS AGREEMENT – overview

Increased pre-2020 mitigation actions

- Into force in 2020
- INDCs kick-started long term planning
- Climate finance
- Restoration of CDM demand
- Sustainable development co-benefits



THE PARIS AGREEMENT – overview

Unprecedented importance on adaptation

- INDCs included adaptation targets and plans
- Adaptation on par with mitigation
- Flexibility to accommodate countries' unique circumstances
- Ensuring adequate support: adaptation finance



THE PARIS AGREEMENT - overview

- **Achievements**

- **Accounting Rules** (Article 4) – TACCC (transparency, accuracy, consistency, comparability and completeness), EI, DC
- **Cooperative Approaches** that respect avoidance of double counting and ensure environmental integrity and some other conditions
- **A market mechanism** with broad application and a governing body and a work plan for rules, modalities and procedures
- **A framework for non market approaches** (and general work plan)
- **Voluntary cancellation encouragement** in work stream 2 and a reference to **carbon pricing**



THE PARIS AGREEMENT – overview




- Implementation of INDCs
- Higher ambitions
- MRV
- Collaborative actions

Article 6 of the Paris Agreement

- Cooperative approaches
 - Market mechanisms
 - Promote sustainable development
 - ITMOS
 - Ensure environmental integrity, transparency including in governance
 - Robust accounting to avoid double counting (Art6.5)
 - Guidance from CMA
 - Voluntary and authorized by participating Parties
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NDCs in the Paris Agreement

Three pillars of mitigation



Collective goals: long term temperature goal; low GHG emission development

Collective efforts: a global emission trajectory in accordance with science

Individual efforts: regular NDC preparation and communication; principles of ambition/progression; subject to common rules

NDCs in the Paris Agreement

- **Each Party** shall prepare, communicate and maintain **successive** NDCs;
- Parties **shall pursue domestic mitigation measures** aiming at achieving the objectives of their NDCs;
- NDCs will:
 - Represent a **progression** beyond the NDC
 - Reflect highest possible **ambition**
 - Mitigation **co-benefits** can contribute to mitigation outcomes
- Reflecting **CBDR+RC, in the light of different national circumstances**
 - Developed countries should continue taking the lead
 - Developing countries should **continue enhancing** their mitigation efforts,
 - LDCs/SIDS may prepare **strategies, plans and actions** for low GHG development



NDCs in the Paris Agreement

- **Objective**
 - Long-term temperature goal
 - Global emission trajectory
- **Enhancing Ambition**
 - All Parties to prepare NDCs every 5 years
 - Increasing ambition of NDCs over time
 - Progression/Highest national ambition
 - Direction of travel
 - NDCs embedded in long-term LEDS
- **Feedback Mechanism**
 - Facilitative dialogue/Global Stocktake
 - Transparency Framework



INDCs to NDCs

- Parties shall communicate their first NDC no later than when the Party submits its respective instrument of ratification, accession, or approval of the Paris Agreement;
- **Communicated INDC will become the first NDC, unless Party decided otherwise;**
- NDC Registry
 - NDCs will be recorded in a public registry maintained by the secretariat
 - SBI will develop modalities and procedures for the operation and use of the public registry;
 - Secretariat is developing an interim registry, which will be deployed before and launched at the May sessions



What constitutes the Paris Outcome on transparency

- What?** an **enhanced** transparency framework for **action and support**
- Why?** to build **mutual trust and confidence** and to promote **effective implementation**
- How?** with built-in **flexibility** which takes into account Parties' **different capacities** and builds **upon collective experience**

{Article 13.1}



Accounting and compliance

- Parties account for NDCs, promote environmental integrity, transparency, accuracy, completeness, comparability and consistency, and ensure avoidance of double counting (*Art 4.13*)
- Methods and guidance under Convention to be taken into account (*Art 4.14*)
- Requirement to provide information necessary to track progress under Article 4 (*Art 13.7*)
- Facilitative compliance committee (*Art 15*)



Key principles

Flexibility {Art 13.2}

{Art 13.3}

..... implemented in a **facilitative, non-intrusive, non-punitive manner, respectful of national sovereignty**, and avoid placing undue burden on Parties

..... special circumstances of the least developed countries and small island developing States

{Art 13.3}

{Art 13.4}

..... building on experience from the arrangements related to transparency under the Convention, and elaborating on the provisions in this Article, adopt common modalities, procedures and guidelines, as appropriate, for the transparency of action and support.



Purpose of the transparency framework

Action: provide a **clear understanding** of climate change action in the light of the objective of the Convention as set out in its Article 2, including:

- # **Clarity and tracking of progress** towards achieving Parties' individual nationally determined contributions under Article 4;
- # Parties' **adaptation actions** under Article 7, including good practices, priorities, needs and gaps.

Article 13.5

Inform global stocktake
under Article 14

Article 13.6

Support: The purpose of the framework for transparency of support is to provide:

- # **Clarity on support provided and received** by relevant individual Parties in the context of climate change actions under Articles 4, 7, 9, 10 and 11;
- # To the extent possible, a **full overview of aggregate** financial support provided.



Transparency arrangements

Reporting

All Parties (*shall*)

- National greenhouse gas (GHG) inventory report [{Article 13.7\(a\)}](#)
- Progress made in implementing and achieving nationally determined contribution (NDC) [{Article 13.7\(b\)}](#)

All Parties (*should, as appropriate*)

- Climate change impacts and adaptation [{Article 13.8}](#)

Developed country Parties (*shall*) and other Parties that provided support (*should*)

Financial, technology transfer and capacity-building support provided to developing country Parties under Article 9, 10 and 11 [{Article 13.9}](#)

Developing country Parties (*should*)

Financial, technology transfer and capacity-building support needed and received under Articles 9, 10 and 11 [{Article 13.10}](#)

Technical expert review

All Parties (*shall*)

- Undergo technical expert review of information submitted under Articles 13.7 and 13.9 [{Article 13.11}](#)

Technical review for all Parties (*shall*)

- Identify areas of improvement for the Party,
- Consistency of the information with the modalities, procedures and guidelines referred to in paragraph 13 of this Article [{Article 13.12}](#)

Technical review for those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities (*shall*)

- Include identifying capacity-building needs [{Article 13.11}](#)

Multilateral facilitative consideration

All Parties (*shall*)

- Multilateral facilitative consideration of progress with respect to efforts under Article 9, and its respective implementation and achievement of its NDCs [{Article 13.11}](#)

Article 13 and developing countries

- Flexibility – provides flexibility in the implementation of the provisions of this Article to those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities; the modalities, procedures and guidelines referred to in paragraph 13 of this Article shall reflect such flexibility *{Article 13.2}*
- LDCs and SIDs - recognizes the special circumstances of the least developed countries and small island developing States *{Article 13.3}*
- Support – provides support to developing countries for the implementation of this Article as well as for the building of transparency-related capacity on a continuous basis. *{Article 13.14 and 13.15}*



Next Steps - NDCs - communication

First NDCs

- Due when Parties submit their instrument of ratification
- INDCs should be considered first NDCs (unless the Party decides otherwise)
- Parties may apply guidance on accounting

Second NDCs

- Due in 2020 as well as long-term LEDS
- To be informed by the 2018 facilitative dialogue
- Should apply guidance on accounting

Subsequent NDCs

- Due in 2025 and every five years thereafter
- Common timeframes likely to apply (e.g. same starting and end year for all)
- To be informed by the relevant stock-take

Next steps - Developing rules and modalities

- Features (para 26 of 1/CP.21) – APA
 - Information (para 28) – APA
 - Guidance for accounting (para 31) – APA
 - Modalities and procedures for the NDC registry (para 29) – SBI
 - Guidance on the use of internationally transferred mitigation outcomes (para 36) – SBSTA
 - Rules, modalities and procedures for the mechanism (para 38) – SBSTA
 - Work programme framework for non-market approaches (para 39) – SBSTA
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Thanks for your attention!



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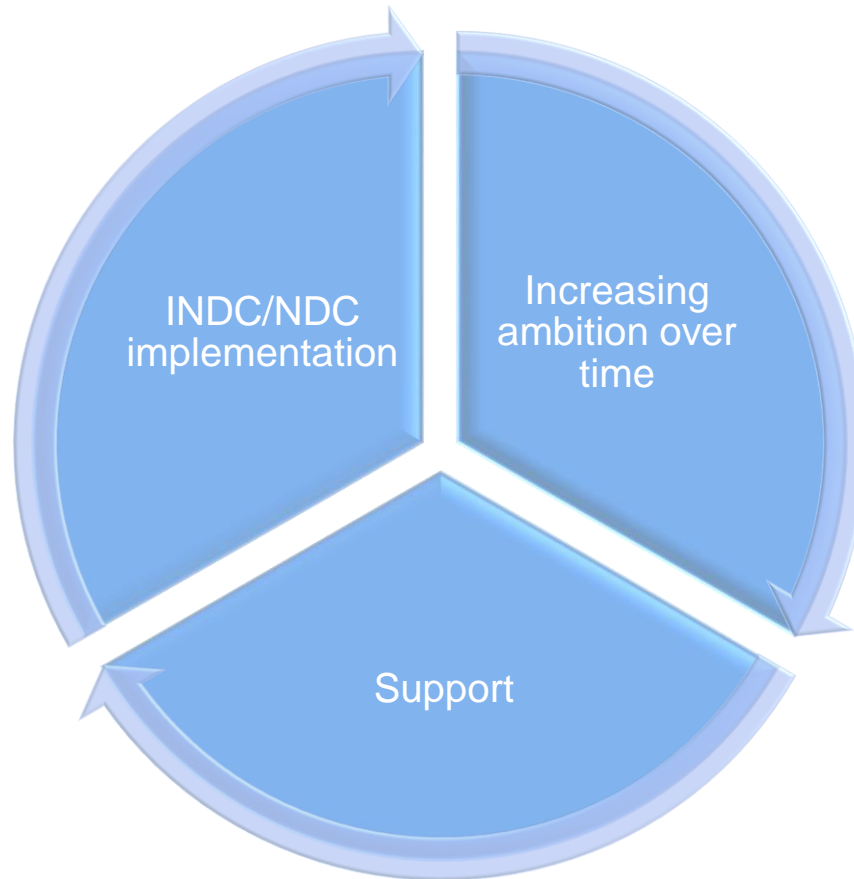
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EXTRA SLIDES



NDCs in the Paris Agreement



NDCs cornerstone of national and international climate policy



Communicated INDC

- **161 INDCs by 189 Parties** (96.4% participation/94.6% CO₂)

Key messages from INDCs (from the Synthesis Report)

- **Significant increase** in the number of countries taking climate action (often **national in scope**)
- NDCs are expected to deliver **sizeable emission reductions** and slow down emissions growth in the coming decade.
- Emission levels **do not fall within least-cost 2 °C** scenario levels.
- Achieving 2°C or 1.5 °C depends on enhanced reductions **before and after 2030** and on **long-term changes** in key social, economic and technology drivers
- Secretariat is currently updating the synthesis report on the aggregate effect of INDCs communicated by Parties until 4 April 2016 (publication 2 May 2016)