### MONITORING REPORT (VERSION - 03)

"Waste heat based 7MW Captive Power Project" Reference no. UNFCCC 00000264-CDMP

> Project Site: Plot No. 428/2, Phase – I, Industrial Area, Siltara, Raipur – 493111 Chattisgarh, India.

## **Godawari Power & Ispat Limited**

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## **Current Status of the Project**

The 7 MW Waste Heat Recovery (WHR) Project at Godawari Power and Ispat Limited (GPIL) in Raipur, Chattisgarh, India was commissioned on 1<sup>st</sup> September 2002.

The project has been completed with major equipment supplied as follows:

SI. No.	Equipment	Supplier
		M/s Thermal Systems (Hyderabad) Pvt.
1	WHR Boiler # 1 (30 TPH)	Ltd., Plot no. 01, Apoorupa Township,
		I.D.A., Jedimetla, Hyderabad – 500055.
		M/s Thermax Ltd., D1, Block, Plot No.
2	WHR Boiler # 2 (54 TPH)	7/2, R D Aga Road, MIDC, Chinchwad
		Pune – 411019.
3	Turbo-generator (TG) Set # 1	C.A. Parsons & Co. Limited, Newcastle,
5	(10 MW)	England (make).
4	TG Set # 2 (10 MW)	C.A. Parsons & Co. Limited, Newcastle,
4		England (make).
5	TG Set # 3 (10 MW)	Hitachi, Ltd. Tokyo, Japan.
6	TG Set # 4 (30 MW)	Shandong Jinan Power Equipment
0	10 Set # 4 (SO MVV)	Factory, The People Republic in China.
		Cooling Water and Condensate
		Extraction pumps – Mather and Platt,
7	Balance of Plant	Cooling Tower – Paharpur Cooling
		Towers, Boiler Feed Pumps – KSB, DCS
		- ABB.

The company provided the entire equity for the project and loans were raised from Canara Bank and State Bank of India.

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### Statement to what extent the project has been implemented as planned

The project has been completed as described in the Project Design Document (PDD).

The plant is in operation continuously (with outages – forced & planned) since 1<sup>st</sup> September 2002. The WHR boiler #1 is using waste heat of the flue gas from 350 tonnes per day (TPD) sponge iron kiln to produce steam. GPIL also installed another WHR boiler (viz. WHRB #2) which is utilizing waste heat of the flue gas from 500 tonnes per day (TPD) and two turbo-generators viz. TG #3 and TG #4. The four sets of turbo-generators are fed through a common steam header. The power thus generated is used to meet the in-house power demand as well as for wheeling to group companies.

After the first verification the following modifications have been undertaken at the project site by the project proponent and the monitoring has been done in line with the monitoring plan of the registered PDD.

- (a) Installation of WHRB # 2
- (b) Installation of TG # 3 and TG # 4.
- (c) Replacement of electro mechanical energy meters with digital energy meters for TG # 1, TG # 2, TG # 3, Auxiliary Transformer Meter # 1, Auxiliary Transformer Meter # 2. During November 2006 all the three above-mentioned energy meters were changed to digital meters and as mentioned in the Monitoring Report accuracy of all the energy meters are now of 0.5s Class. Also, the meter reading multiplication factor for each of these energy meters was changed to 1000.

# **Monitoring Period**

The monitoring period is from 1<sup>st</sup> January 2006 to 31<sup>st</sup> December 2006 (both days included).

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# **Sustainability Issues**

**Environmental well-being**: The project activity is a demonstration of clean technology implementation and does not by itself generate or release harmful gases. Hence, the project activity contributes to a better quality environment to the employees and the surrounding community. Being able to do away with equivalent grid power, GPIL has saved further depletion of natural resources like coal and gas in thermal power plants connected to the grid. The wastewater generated from the project activity is reused for sprinkling on roads and for green belt development. Ash from hoppers of Electrostatic Precipitator (ESP) and Air Pre Heater is collected in Ash Silo and sold to cement industries/ brick manufacturers.

GPIL regularly obtains the necessary environmental clearances from the Chattisgarh Environment Conservation Board (CECB).

**Socio-economic well-being**: The project activity has provided direct and indirect employment opportunities to the local people. The employees are given on-the-job training on power plant operation and maintenance for their skill development.

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## **Obtained Parameters According To Monitoring Plan**

ID No. (refer section D of PDD)	Data variable	Units	Recording Frequency	Measured (m), Calculated (c)or estimated (e)	Uncertainty Level
1. EG <sub>gen</sub>	Total WHR (WHRB #1)electricity generated	kWh	Monthly	Calculated from measured data as shown in Table 2 below.	Low
2. EG <sub>aux</sub>	Auxiliary consumption of Electricity from WHR sources	kWh	Monthly	Calculated from measured data as shown in Table 2 below.	Low
3. EG <sub>y</sub>	Net WHR Electricity supplied	kWh	Monthly	Calculated (EG <sub>gen</sub> - EG <sub>aux</sub> .)	Low
4. EF <sub>y</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> Emission factor of the grid	tCO <sub>2</sub> / MWh	Once at the start of crediting period	Calculated ex-ante <sup>1</sup>	Low
5. EF <sub>OM,y</sub>	CO2 operating margin emission factor of the grid	tCO2/ MWh	Once at the start of crediting period	Calculated	Low

**Table 1**: As mentioned in section D.2.1.3 of the PDD, following project related parameters are monitored:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The combined margin emission factor is calculated ex – ante for the entire crediting period by considering three year average for Simple OM and Option -1 (ex–ante) for BM calculation as per guidelines in ACM0002.

6. EF <sub>BM,y</sub>	CO2 Build Margin	tCO2/ MWh	Once at the start of	Calculated	Low
	emission factor of		crediting period		
	the grid				
7. F <sub>i,j,y</sub>	Amount of each	t /year	Once at the start of	Calculated	Low
	fossil fuel		crediting period		
	consumed by each				
	power source/ plant				
8. COEF <sub>i,k</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> emission	tCO2/ t	Once at the start of	Calculated	Low
	coefficient of each		crediting period		
	fuel type and each				
	power source/plant				
9. GEN <sub>j,y</sub>	Electricity	MWh/ year	Once at the start of	Calculated	Low
	generation of each		crediting period		
	power source/plant				

**Table 2**: As mentioned in Annex 4 of the PDD, following project related parameters are monitored:

ID No. (refer Table A4(1) to A4 (4) in Annex 4 of PDD)	Data var	iable	Units	Record ing Freque ncy	Measured (m), Calculated (c)or estimated (e)	Accuracy level of measuring instrument	Uncertainty Level
1. Sgen	Total	Steam	tonnes per	Daily	Differential Flow Meter with	± 0.075%	Low ( DCS system
	generated	from	dav		totalizer for individual boilers,	Full Scale	generates error

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	WHRB#1, WHRB#2			monitored through	Display	messages, if any,
	and FBC boiler			Distributed Control Systems	(F.S.D)	for which corrective
				(DCS).		action is taken
						immediately)
2. Scons.	Steam Consumed	tonnes per	Daily	Differential Flow Meter with	± 0.075%	Low ( DCS system
	by both TG # 1 , TG	day		totalizer for individual steam	F.S.D.	generates error
	# 2, TG#3 and			turbines, monitored through		messages, if any,
	TG#4			DCS.		for which corrective
						action is taken
						immediately)
3. Svent	Total Steam vented	tonnes per	Daily	Calculated (Sgen - Scons), if	-	Low
	in the CPP	day		$S_{WHR}$ < (Sgen – Scons) for a		
				day, then Svent = $S_{WHR}$		
4. S <sub>WHR</sub>	Flow of WHR	tonnes per	Daily	Differential Flow Meter with	± 0.075%	Low ( DCS system
	Steam to Common	day		totalizer, monitored through	F.S.D.	generates error
	header <sup>2</sup>			DCS. Same as Sgen above.		messages, if any,
						for which corrective
						action is taken
						immediately)
5. S <sub>1</sub>	Effective WHR	tonnes per	Daily	Calculated, (S <sub>WHR</sub> – Svent)	-	Low
	Steam	day				
6. T <sub>1</sub>	Avg. Temperature	OC	Daily	Resistance Temperature	± 0.075%	Low ( DCS system
	of WHR steam before Common			Detector (RTD) transmitter,	F.S.D.	generates error

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> ID.4. in Table 2 should read as - Flow of WHR steam 'to' and not 'from' common header as mentioned in PDD.

	header			monitored through DCS		messages, if any,
						for which corrective
						action is taken
						immediately)
7. P <sub>1</sub>	Avg. Pressure of	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Daily	Pressure Transmitter,	± 0.075%	Low ( DCS system
	WHR steam before Common header			monitored through DCS.	F.S.D.	generates error
						messages, if any,
						for which corrective
						action is taken
						immediately)
8. h <sub>1</sub>	Enthalpy of WHR	kCal/kg	Daily	Estimated from Steam	-	Low
steam	steam			tables/ Mollier Diagram		
9. S <sub>1</sub>	Flow of Effective	tonnes/day	Daily	Same as 5 above	-	Low
	WHR Steam to					
	Common header					
10. H <sub>1</sub>	Enthalpy of	kCal /day	Daily	Calculated (h <sub>1</sub> x S <sub>1</sub> )	-	Low
	Effective WHR					
	Steam					
11. T <sub>2</sub>	Avg. Temperature	<sup>0</sup> C	Daily	Resistance Temperature	± 0.075%	Low ( DCS system
	of FBC steam			Detector (RTD) transmitter,	F.S.D.	generates error
	before Common			monitored through DCS		messages, if any,
	header					for which corrective
						action is taken
						immediately)

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<b>12.</b> P <sub>2</sub>	Avg. Pressure of	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Daily	Pressure Transmitter,	± 0.075%	Low ( DCS system
	FBC steam before			monitored through DCS.	F.S.D.	generates error
	Common header					messages, if any,
						for which corrective
						action is taken
						immediately)
13. h <sub>2</sub>	Enthalpy of FBC	kCal/kg	Daily	Calculated from Steam	-	Low
	steam			tables/ Mollier Diagram.		
14. S <sub>2</sub>	Flow of FBC Steam	tonnes per	Daily	Differential Flow Meter with	± 0.075%	Low
	to Common header	day		totalizer, monitored through	F.S.D.	
				DCS. Same as Sgen above		
15. H <sub>2</sub>	Enthalpy of FBC Steam	kCal /day	Daily	Calculated (h <sub>2</sub> x S <sub>2</sub> )	-	Low
16.EG <sub>GEN CPP</sub>	Total electricity	kWh	Monthly	Chattisgarh State Electricity	As	Low (since Main
	generated in the			Board (CSEB) monthly cess	prescribed	meter reading is
	CPP			bills. The generation meters	by CSEB	regularly cross
				are calibrated and sealed by	standards	checked with
				CSEB. <sup>3</sup>		Check meter
						reading for any
						deviation)
17. EG <sub>AUX CPP</sub>	Total Auxiliary	kWh	Daily	Auxiliary Energy Meter	-	Low
	Consumption of the CPP			reading.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Although GPIL follows continuous monitoring of generation, the monthly CSEB cess bill records are considered for EG<sub>GEN CPP</sub>.

18. EG <sub>GEN</sub>	Waste Heat	kWh	Daily	Calculated.4	-	Low
	Recovery Based					
	Power generated					
19. EG <sub>AUX</sub>	Auxiliary Electric	kWh	Daily	Calculated. <sup>5</sup>	-	Low
	Consumption		-			
	(WHR)					

The daily measured parameters given above are being recorded in the Daily Report by the Control Room Engineer at 6A.M. daily. In addition, data from DCS system can be obtained for the previous three days at any given point of time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Since the temperature and pressure ratings of both WHR and FBC boilers are same and readings found to be consistently identical during operation, steam flow is the only parameter affecting total enthalpy delivered from respective boilers. Hence, WHR power generation,  $EG_{GEN}$ , is calculated as a ratio  $[H_1/(H_1 + H_2)]$  of  $EG_{GEN, CPP}$ . Now,  $H = h^*$  (steam flow) Since the average enthalpy of the HP steam generated from WHRB#1 (h1), WHRB#2 (h2) and FBC boiler (h3) remain consistently same, the aproportioning of EG <sub>GEN CPP</sub> is being performed on the basis of steam flow.  $EG_{GEN, WHRB#1} = [S_1/(S_1 + S_2)] EG_{GEN CPP}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Similar to EG<sub>GEN</sub>, WHR auxiliary power consumption, EG<sub>AUX</sub>, is calculated as a ratio [S<sub>1</sub>/(S<sub>1</sub> + S<sub>2</sub>)] of EG<sub>AUX</sub> CPP

The equipment details along with the uncertainty analysis of the data for the monitoring parameters are given below:

Table- 1.1: Monitoring Paramete	Table- 1.1: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design						
Document	2004						
Parameter 1: WHRB#1 Steam Flow							
Parameter	Description						
Measured, Calculated,	Measured						
Estimated							
Source of Data	The data is continuously monitored at the DCS. The daily data of the same parameter obtained from the flow meter totalizer reading is						
	recorded and maintained separately.						
Data unit	tonnes/day						
Recording frequency	Daily						
Monitoring Equipment	Flow Meter						
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: FT-002						
Equipment	Make: ABB						
	Output: 4-20mADC						
	Range: 2500 mmWc						
Calibration of Monitoring	The flow meter is calibrated regularly according						
Equipment	to the calibration schedule (four times a year).						
	The calibration certificate of the flow meter as						
	well as of the master calibrator is available at the project site.						
Accuracy of Monitoring	Accuracy: ± 0.075% of calculation span						
Equipment							
Uncertainty of Data	Low						
Justification	As the flow meters used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the parameter monitored is very accurate. Moreover, the continuous monitoring of the data is done through DCS system which produces error signal if any and corrective action is taken immediately.						

Table- 1.2: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design         Document         Parameter 2: WHRB#1 Steam Temperature			
Parameter	Description		
Measured, Calculated, Estimated	Measured		
Source of Data	The temperature is sensed through Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD) and monitored continuously through DCS. The daily data is		

Table- 1.2: Monitoring Paramet	ers as per Registered Project Design
Document	
	also recorded and maintained separately.
Data unit	O <sup>0</sup>
Recording frequency	Daily
Monitoring Equipment	Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD)
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: TI-006
Equipment	Output: Resistance
	Range: 0-500 °C
	Accuracy: N.A.
Calibration of Monitoring	The RTD is calibrated regularly according to
Equipment	the calibration schedule (four times a year).
	The calibration certificate of the RTD as well as
	of the master calibrator is available at the
	project site.
Accuracy of Monitoring	The RTD is calibrated regularly which reduces
Equipment	any chance of error in recording.
Uncertainty of Data	Low
Justification	As the RTD used is of standard make and
	regularly calibrated the accuracy of the data is
	high. Moreover, since the data is continuously
	monitored through DCS error signal is
	generated if any error occurs and corrective
	action is taken immediately.

Table- 1.3: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design Document				
Parameter 3: WHRB#1 Steam Pressure				
Parameter	Description			
Measured, Calculated, Estimated	Measured			
Source of Data	The pressure is sensed through Pressure Transmitter and monitored continuously through DCS. The daily data is also recorded and maintained separately			
Data unit	Kg/cm <sup>2</sup>			
Recording frequency	Daily			
Monitoring Equipment	Pressure Transmitter			
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: PT-003			
Equipment	Make: ABB			
	Output: 4-20mADC			
	Range: 0-40 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>			
Calibration of Monitoring Equipment	The pressure transmitter is calibrated regularly according to the calibration schedule (four times a year). The calibration certificate of the pressure transmitter as well as of the master calibrator is available at the project site.			

Table- 1.3: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design	
Document	
Accuracy of Monitoring	Accuracy: 0.075% of calculation span.
Equipment	
Uncertainty of Data	Low
Justification	As the pressure transmitter used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the parameter monitored is very accurate.

Table- 1.4: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design		
Document		
Parameter 4: WHRB#2 Steam	Flow	
Parameter	Description	
Measured, Calculated,	Measured	
Estimated		
Source of Data	The data is continuously monitored at the DCS.	
	The daily data of the same parameter obtained	
	from the flow meter totalizer reading is	
	recorded and maintained separately.	
Data unit	tonnes/day	
Recording frequency	Daily	
Monitoring Equipment	Flow Meter	
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: FT-727	
Equipment	Make: Tata Honeywell Output: 4-20mADC	
	Range: 10000 mmWc	
	Range. 10000 minwc	
Calibration of Monitoring	The flow meter is calibrated regularly according	
Equipment	to the calibration schedule (four times a year).	
	The calibration certificate of the flow meter as	
	well as of the master calibrator is available at	
	the project site.	
Accuracy of Monitoring	Accuracy: ± 0.075% of calculation span.	
Equipment		
Uncertainty of Data	Low	
Justification	As the flow meters used is of standard make	
	and regularly calibrated the parameter	
	monitored is very accurate. Moreover, the	
	continuous monitoring of the data is done through DCS system which produces error	
	signal if any and corrective action is taken	
	immediately.	
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Table- 1.5: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design           Document	
Parameter 5: WHRB#2 Steam Temperature	

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Table- 1.5: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design Document	
Parameter	Description
Measured, Calculated, Estimated	Measured
Source of Data	The temperature is sensed through Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD) and monitored continuously through DCS. The daily data is also recorded and maintained separately.
Data unit	<b>0</b> <sup>0</sup>
Recording frequency	Daily
Monitoring Equipment Specification of Monitoring Equipment	Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD) Tag No.: TT-728 Make: Tata Honeywell Output: 4-20mADC Range: 0-500 <sup>0</sup> C
Calibration of Monitoring Equipment	The RTD is calibrated regularly according to the calibration schedule (four times a year). The calibration certificate of the RTD as well as of the master calibrator is available at the project site.
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	Accuracy: ± 0.075% of calculation span.
Uncertainty of Data	Low
Justification	As the RTD used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the accuracy of the data is high. Moreover, since the data is continuously monitored through DCS error signal is generated if any error occurs and corrective action is taken immediately.

Table- 1.6: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design Document	
Parameter 6: WHRB#2 Steam Pressure	
Parameter	Description
Measured, Calculated,	Measured
Estimated	
Source of Data	The pressure is sensed through Pressure Transmitter and monitored continuously through DCS. The daily data is also recorded and maintained separately
Data unit	Kg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Recording frequency	Daily
Monitoring Equipment	Pressure Transmitter
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: PT-726
Equipment	Make: Tata Honeywell
	Output: 4-20mADC

Table- 1.6: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project DesignDocument	
	Range: 0-60 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Calibration of Monitoring Equipment	The pressure transmitter is calibrated regularly according to the calibration schedule (four times a year). The calibration certificate is available at the project site.
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	Accuracy: 0.075% of calculation span.
Uncertainty of the data	Low
Justification	As the pressure transmitter used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the parameter monitored is very accurate. Moreover, the data is monitored through DCS which generates error signal if any and corrective action is taken immediately.

Table- 1.7: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design	
Document	
Parameter 7: FBC Steam Flow	
Parameter	Description
Measured, Calculated,	Measured
Estimated	
Source of Data	The data is continuously monitored at the DCS.
	The daily data of the same parameter obtained
	from the flow meter totalizer reading is
	recorded and maintained separately.
Data unit	tonnes/day
Recording frequency	Daily
Monitoring Equipment	Flow Meter
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: FT-302
Equipment	Make: ABB
	Output: 4-20mADC
	Range: 5000 mmWc
Calibration of Monitoring	The flow meter is calibrated regularly according
Equipment	to the calibration schedule (four times a year).
	The calibration certificate of the flow meter as
	well as of the master calibrator is available at
	the project site
Accuracy of Monitoring	Accuracy: ± 0.075% of calculation span
Equipment	
Uncertainty of Data	Low
Justification	As the flow meters used is of standard make
	and regularly calibrated the parameter
	monitored is very accurate. Moreover, the
	continuous monitoring of the data is done

Table- 1.7: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design Document	
	through DCS system which produces error
	signal if any and corrective action is taken
	immediately.

Table- 1.8: Monitoring Parame	eters as per Registered Project Design	
Document		
Parameter 8: FBC Steam Tem	Parameter 8: FBC Steam Temperature	
Parameter	Description	
Measured, Calculated,	Measured	
Estimated		
Source of Data	The temperature is sensed through Resistance	
	Temperature Detector (RTD) and monitored	
	continuously through DCS. The daily data is	
	also recorded and maintained separately.	
Data unit	0°C	
Recording frequency	Daily	
Monitoring Equipment	Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD)	
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: TI-305	
Equipment	Output: Resistance	
	Range: 0-500 <sup>o</sup> C	
Calibration of Monitoring	The RTD is calibrated regularly according to	
Equipment	the calibration schedule (four times a year).	
	The calibration certificate of the RTD as well as	
	of the master calibrator is available at the	
	project site.	
Accuracy of Monitoring	The RTD is calibrated regularly to reduce	
Equipment	errors.	
Uncertainty of Data	Low	
Justification	As the RTD used is of standard make and	
	regularly calibrated the accuracy of the data is	
	high. Moreover, since the data is continuously	
	monitored through DCS error signal is	
	generated if any error occurs and corrective	
	action is taken immediately.	

Table- 1.9: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design         Document         Parameter 9: FBC Steam Pressure	
Parameter	Description
Measured, Calculated,	Measured
Estimated	

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Table- 1.9: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design	
Document	
Source of Data	The pressure is sensed through Pressure Transmitter and monitored continuously through DCS. The daily data is also recorded and maintained separately.
Data unit	Kg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Recording frequency	Daily
Monitoring Equipment	Pressure Transmitter
Specification of Monitoring Equipment	Tag No.: PT-303 Make: ABB Output: 4-20mADC Range: 0-40 kg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Calibration of Monitoring Equipment	The pressure transmitter is calibrated regularly according to the calibration schedule (four times a year). The calibration certificate is available at the project site.
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	Accuracy: 0.075% of calculation span.
Uncertainty of Data	As the flow meters used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the parameter monitored is very accurate. Moreover, the continuous monitoring of the data is done through DCS system which produces error signal if any and corrective action is taken immediately.

Table 4.40 Mentioning Denometers on your Dentistand Design	
Table- 1.10: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design	
Document	
Parameter 10: TG#1 Inlet Steam	
Parameter	Description
Measured, Calculated,	Measured
Estimated	
Source of Data	The data is continuously monitored at the DCS.
	The daily data of the same parameter obtained
	from the flow meter totalizer reading is
	recorded and maintained separately.
Data unit	tonnes/day
Recording frequency	Daily
Monitoring Equipment	Flow Meter
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: FT-602
Equipment	Make: ABB
	Output: 4-20mADC
	Range: 5000 mmWc
Calibration of Monitoring	The flow meter is calibrated regularly according
Equipment	to the calibration schedule (four times a year).

Table- 1.10: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design           Document		
	The calibration certificate of the flow meter as well as of the master calibrator is available at the project site.	
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	Accuracy: ± 0.075% of calculation span.	
Uncertainty of Data	Low	
Justification	As the flow meters used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the parameter monitored is very accurate. Moreover, the continuous monitoring of the data is done through DCS system which produces error signal if any and corrective action is taken immediately.	

Table- 1.11: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design           Document			
Parameter 11: TG#1 Electricity Generation			
Parameter	Description		
Measured, Calculated, Estimated	Measured		
Source of Data	Log-book maintained at the plant		
Data unit	kWh		
Recording frequency	Daily		
Monitoring Equipment	Energy Meter		
Specification of Monitoring Equipment	Tag No.: MSE-64365 Make: SEMS Output: 11KV/110 volt Range: 800/1 Amp		
Calibration of Monitoring Equipment	The energy meter is calibrated regularly according to the calibration schedule (four times a year). The calibration certificate of the flow meter as well as of the master calibrator is available at the project site		
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	0.5s Class		
Uncertainty of Data	Low		
Justification	As the energy meter used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the parameter monitored is very accurate. A check meter has also been installed to maintain accuracy of the data.		
Modification	Old energy meter (SIMCO make Sr. No. 195678) have been replaced with the New energy meter (SEMS make Sr. No. MSE-64365) tested by MRT-1 C.S.E.B. Seal No.		

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Table- 1.11: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design           Document				
			EE/0329269SEMS ovember 2006.	NIC.

Table, 1.12: Monitoring Param	eters as per Registered Project Design		
Document	eters as per registered Project Design		
Parameter 12: TG#2 Inlet Steam Flow			
Parameter	Description		
Measured, Calculated,	Measured		
Estimated			
Source of Data	The data is continuously monitored at the DCS.		
	The daily data of the same parameter obtained		
	from the flow meter totalizer reading is		
	recorded and maintained separately		
Data unit	tonnes/day		
Recording frequency	Daily		
Monitoring Equipment	Flow Meter		
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: FT-603		
Equipment	Make: ABB		
	Output: 4-20mADC		
	Range: 5000 mmWc		
Calibration of Monitoring	The flow meter is calibrated regularly according		
Equipment	to the calibration schedule (four times a year).		
	The calibration certificate of the flow meter as		
	well as of the master calibrator is available at		
	the project site.		
Accuracy of Monitoring	Accuracy: ± 0.075% of calculation span.		
Equipment			
Uncertainty of Data	As the flow meters used is of standard make		
	and regularly calibrated the parameter		
	monitored is very accurate. Moreover, the		
	continuous monitoring of the data is done through DCS system which produces error		
	signal if any and corrective action is taken		
	immediately.		
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Table- 1.13: Monitoring Parameter	ers as per Registered Project Design	
Parameter 13: TG#2 Electricity Generation		
Parameter	Description	
Measured, Calculated,	Measured	
Estimated		
Source of Data	Log-book maintained at the plant	
Data unit	KWh	

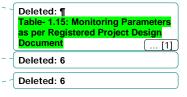
Table- 1.13: Monitoring Paramet	ers as per Registered Project Design
Recording frequency	Daily
Monitoring Equipment	Energy Meter
Specification of Monitoring Equipment	Tag No.: MSE-64364 Make: SEMS Output: 11KV/110 volt Range: 800/1 Amp
Calibration of Monitoring Equipment	The energy meter is calibrated regularly according to the calibration schedule (four times a year). The calibration certificate of the flow meter as well as of the master calibrator is available at the project site
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	0.5s Class
Uncertainty of Data	Low
Justification	As the energy meter used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the parameter monitored is very accurate. A check meter has also been installed to maintain accuracy of the data.
Modification	Old energy meter (SIMCO make Sr. No. 195667) have been replaced with the New energy meter (SEMS make Sr. No. MSE- 64364) tested by MRT-1 C.S.E.B. Seal No. MT23558 CSEB EE/0329261SEMS NIC. Replaced on 05 <sup>th</sup> November 2006.

Table- 1.14: Monitoring Parameter	ers as per Registered Project Design		
Parameter 14: TG#3 Inlet Steam	m Flow		
Parameter	Description		
Measured, Calculated, Estimated	Measured		
Source of Data	The data is continuously monitored at the DCS. The daily data of the same parameter obtained from the flow meter totalizer reading is recorded and maintained separately		
Data unit	tonnes/day		
Recording frequency	Daily		
Monitoring Equipment	Flow Meter		
Specification of Monitoring Equipment	Tag No.: FT-401 Make: Tata Honeywell Output: 4-20mADC		

Table- 1.14: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design           Document		
	Range: 10000 mmWc	
Calibration of Monitoring Equipment	The flow meter is calibrated regularly according to the calibration schedule (four times a year). The calibration certificate of the flow meter as well as of the master calibrator is available at the project site.	
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	Accuracy: ± 0.075% of calculation span.	
Uncertainty of Data	Low	
Justification	As the flow meters used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the parameter monitored is very accurate. Moreover, the continuous monitoring of the data is done through DCS system which produces error signal if any and corrective action is taken immediately.	

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Table- 1.15: Monitoring Param Document	eters as per Registered Project Design
Parameter 15: TG#3 Electricity	y Generation
Parameter	Description
Measured, Calculated,	Measured
Estimated	
Source of Data	Log-book maintained at the plant
Data unit	kWh
Recording frequency	Daily
Monitoring Equipment	Energy Meter
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: MSE-64366
Equipment	Make: SEMS
	Output: 11KV/110 volt
	Range: 800/1 Amp
Calibration of Monitoring Equipment	The energy meter is calibrated regularly according to the calibration schedule (four times a year). The calibration certificate of the flow meter as well as of the master calibrator is available at the project site
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	0.5s Class
Uncertainty of Data	Low
Justification	As the energy meter used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the paramete monitored is very accurate. A check meter has also been installed to maintain accuracy of the data.



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Table- 1.15: Monitoring Document	g Parameters as per Registered Project Design
Modification	Old energy meter (SIMCO make Sr. No. 3511213642) have been replaced with the New energy meter (SEMS make Sr. No. MSE- 64366) tested by MRT-1 C.S.E.B. Seal No. MT23557 CSEB EE/0329264SEMS NIC. Replaced on 08 <sup>th</sup> October 2006.

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Table- 1.16: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design         Document			
Parameter 16: TG#4 Inlet Steam Flow			
Parameter	Description		
Measured, Calculated, Estimated	Measured		
Source of Data	The data is continuously monitored at the DCS. The daily data of the same parameter obtained from the flow meter totalizer reading is recorded and maintained separately. In TG#4 this flow meter is located before the line bifurcation takes place for auxiliary steam flow and therefore this data measures the sum of TG#4 net inlet steam flow and TG#4 auxiliary steam flow.		
Data unit	tonnes/day		
Recording frequency	Daily		
Monitoring Equipment	Flow Meter		
Specification of Monitoring Equipment	Tag No.: FT-001 Make: Tata Honeywell Output: 4-20mADC Range: 5000 mmWc		
Calibration of Monitoring Equipment	The flow meter is calibrated regularly according to the calibration schedule (four times a year). The calibration certificate of the flow meter as well as of the master calibrator is available at the project site.		
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	Accuracy: ± 0.075% of calculation span.		
Uncertainty of Data	Low		
Justification	As the flow meters used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the parameter monitored is very accurate. Moreover, the continuous monitoring of the data is done through DCS system which produces error signal if any and corrective action is taken immediately.		

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Parameter 17: TG#4 Auxiliary	Steam Flow
Parameter	Description
Measured, Calculated,	Measured
Estimated	
Source of Data	The data is continuously monitored at the DCS.
	The daily data of the same parameter obtained
	from the flow meter totalizer reading is
	recorded and maintained separately
Data unit	Tonnes/day
Recording frequency	Daily
Monitoring Equipment	Flow Meter
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: FT-406
Equipment	Make: Tata Honeywell
	Output: 4-20mADC
	Range: 10000 mmWc
Calibration of Monitoring	The flow meter is calibrated regularly according
Equipment	to the calibration schedule (four times a year).
	The calibration certificate is available at the
	project site.
Accuracy of Monitoring	Accuracy: ± 0.075% of calculation span.
Equipment	
Uncertainty of Data	Low
Justification	As the flow meters used is of standard make
	and regularly calibrated the data monitored is
	accurate.

		N 1	
Accuracy of Monitoring	Accuracy: ± 0.075% of calculation span.		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, Not Highlight
Uncertainty of Data		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, Not Highlight	
Justification	As the flow meters used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the data monitored is		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, Not Highlight
	accurate.		Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, Not Highlight
Table 1 18: Monitoring Paramet	ers as per Registered Project Design	`.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, Not Highlight
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Parameter 18: TG#4 Electricity C	Generation		Deleted: 9
Parameter	Description		
Measured, Calculated,	Measured		
Estimated			
Source of Data	Log-book maintained at the plant		
Data unit	KWh		
Recording frequency	Monthly		
Monitoring Equipment	Energy Meter		
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: MSE-64369		
Equipment	Make: SEMS		
	Wake: SEWS		
	Output: 11KV/110 volt		

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booment						
Parameter 18: TG#4 Electricity G	eneration					
Parameter	Description					
Measured, Calculated,	Measured					
Estimated						
Source of Data	Log-book maintained at the plant					
Data unit	KWh					
Recording frequency	Monthly					
Monitoring Equipment	Energy Meter					
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: MSE-64369					
Equipment	Make: SEMS					
	Output: 11KV/110 volt					
	Range: 2500/1 Amp					
Calibration of Monitoring	The energy meter is calibrated regularly					
Equipment	according to the calibration schedule (four					
	times a year). The calibration certificate of the					
	flow meter as well as of the master calibrator is					

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Table- 1.18: Monitoring Parameters as per Registered Project Design           Document						
	available at the project site					
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	0.5s Class					
Uncertainty of Data	Low					
Justification	As the energy meter used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the parameter monitored is very accurate. A check meter has also been installed to maintain accuracy of the data.					

Parameter 19: Power Plant A	Deleted: 20	
Parameter	Description	
Measured, Calculated,	Measured	
Estimated		
Source of Data	Log-book maintained at the plant	
Data unit	kWh	
Recording frequency	Daily	
Monitoring Equipment	Energy Meter for Auxiliary Transformer 1.	
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: MSE-64368	
Equipment	Make: SEMS	
	Output: 11 KV/110 Volt	
	Range: 200/1 Amp	
Colibration of Manitaring	The energy meter is cellbrated regularly	
Calibration of Monitoring	The energy meter is calibrated regularly	
Equipment	according to the calibration schedule (four times a year). The calibration certificate of the	
	flow meter as well as of the master calibrator is	
	available at the project site	
Accuracy of Monitoring	0.5s Class	
Equipment	0.03 01835	
Uncertainty of Data	Low	
Justification	As the energy meter used is of standard make	
	and regularly calibrated the parameter	
	monitored is very accurate. A check meter has	
	also been installed to maintain accuracy of the	
	data.	
Modification	Old energy meter (DUCATI make Sr. No.	
	27/020290) have been replaced with the New	
	energy meter (SEMS make Sr. No. MSE-	
	64368) tested by MRT-1 C.S.E.B. Seal No.	
	MT23560 CSEB EE/0329272SEMS NIC.	
	Replaced on 31 <sup>st</sup> October 2006.	

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Parameter 20: Power Plant A	uxiliary Electricity Consumption
Parameter	Description
Measured, Calculated, Estimated	Measured
Source of Data	Log-book maintained at the plant
Data unit	kWh
Recording frequency	Daily
Monitoring Equipment	Energy Meter for Auxiliary Transformer 2.
Specification of Monitoring Equipment	Tag No.: MSE-64367 Make: SEMS Output: 11KV/110 Volt Range: 200/1 Amp
Calibration of Monitoring Equipment	The energy meter is calibrated regularly according to the calibration schedule (four times a year). The calibration certificate of the flow meter as well as of the master calibrator is available at the project site
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	0.5s Class
Uncertainty of Data	Low
Justification	As the energy meter used is of standard make and regularly calibrated the parameter monitored is very accurate. A check meter has also been installed to maintain accuracy of the data.
Modification	Old energy meter (ENERCON make Sr. No. E34/576-503) have been replaced with the New energy meter (SEMS make Sr. No. MSE- 64367) tested by MRT-1 C.S.E.B. Seal No. MT23556 CSEB EE/0329279SEMS NIC. Replaced on 31 <sup>st</sup> October 2006.

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## **Calculation of WHR Power Generation**

Month wise data on waste heat power generated is placed two steps below.

#### Table 1A: Calculation of Effective WHR Steam Flow is shown in the Table below

				CALC	ULATION OF E	FFECTIVE WHR	STEAM					
	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	
Month	WHR # 1 Steam Generation	FBC Steam Generation	WHR # 2 Steam Generation	Total Steam Generation (a+b+c)	TG # 1 Steam Consumption	TG # 2 Steam Consumption	TG # 3 Steam Consumption	<u>Net Steam</u> <u>Consumed in</u> TG # 4 <sub>v</sub>	Total Steam Consumption (e+f+g+h)	Vent Steam from WHR # 1	Effective WHR # 1 Stoom Deleted:	Steam Consumption
Jan, 06	11850	40467	18165	70482	20578	23229	24884	0	68691	<mark>1791</mark>	<mark>10059</mark>	
Feb, 06	13795	27033	20367	61195	14492	22075	23883	0	60450	<mark>745</mark>	<mark>13050</mark>	
Mar, 06	15303	24784	17443	57530	11117	19955	23590	0	54662	<mark>2868</mark>	<mark>12435</mark>	
April, 06	14189	45151	19292	78632	30194	26413	19786	0	76393	<mark>2239</mark>	<mark>11950</mark>	
May, 06	14708	45477	23899	84084	29958	27193	26151	0	83302	<mark>782</mark>	<mark>13926</mark>	
Jun, 06	3257	44021	24237	71515	30068	16975	23676	0	70719	<mark>796</mark>	<mark>2461</mark>	
July, 06	13933	44640	7756	66329	32583	20063	13465	0	66111	<mark>218</mark>	<mark>13715</mark>	
Aug, 06	14645	39884	6621	61150	24443	18646	15381	0	58470	<mark>2680</mark>	<mark>11965</mark>	
Sep, 06	13189	45783	13976	72948	31251	19398	20336	0	70985	<mark>1963</mark>	<mark>11226</mark>	
Oct, 06	9198	49400	29234	87832	34987	24032	28703	0	87722	<mark>110</mark>	<mark>9088</mark>	
Nov, 06	15490	45967	27606	89063	29926	24995	27803	<mark>5965</mark>	88689	<mark>374</mark>	<mark>15116</mark>	
Dec, 06	14674	46961	22959	84594	6449	4963	9600	<mark>62807</mark>	83819	<mark>775</mark>	<mark>13899</mark>	
Total	154231	499568	231555	885354	296046	247937	257258	68772	870013	<mark>15341</mark>	<mark>138890</mark>	

\* Please refer to table (1.b) for Calculation of the Net Steam Consumed in the TG#4

TG # 4 Steam Consumption	Auxiliary Steam Consumption in TG#4	Net Steam Consumed in TG#4
<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
0	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
0	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>0</mark>
<mark>6032</mark>	<mark>67</mark>	<mark>5965</mark>
<mark>63002</mark>	<mark>195</mark>	<mark>62807</mark>
<mark>69034</mark>	<mark>263</mark>	<mark>68772</mark>

Table 1.B: Calculation of the Net Steam consumed in TG#4

Table 2.B: Calculation of Waste Heat Based Power Generation for the monitoring period is provided below<sup>6</sup>:

	I	m	n	<mark>0</mark>	p	q	r
		Generati	<mark>on (kWh)</mark>	Gross			
Month	TG#1	TG#2	TG#3	TG#4	Generation [TG#1+TG#2+ TG # 3+ TG # 4] (kWh) (l+m+n+o)	Auxiliary Consumption (kWh)	Net Generation (kWh) (p-q)
Jan, 06	<mark>4072480</mark>	<mark>4397600</mark>	<mark>5731456</mark>		<mark>14201536</mark>	<mark>1460115</mark>	<mark>12741421</mark>
Feb, 06	<mark>2968160</mark>	<mark>3976800</mark>	<mark>5158784</mark>		<mark>12103744</mark>	<mark>1086280</mark>	<mark>11017464</mark>
Mar, 06	<mark>2115040</mark>	<mark>3498560</mark>	<mark>5170064</mark>		10783664	<mark>1174585</mark>	<mark>9609079</mark>
April, 06	<mark>6170560</mark>	<mark>4561920</mark>	<mark>4048656</mark>		<mark>14781136</mark>	<mark>1504445</mark>	<mark>13276691</mark>
May, 06	6102720	5025600	<mark>5796080</mark>		<mark>16924400</mark>	<mark>1738020</mark>	<mark>15186380</mark>
Jun, 06	<mark>6134400</mark>	<mark>2827040</mark>	<b>5038640</b>		<mark>14000080</mark>	<mark>1646785</mark>	<mark>12353295</mark>
July, 06	<mark>6247680</mark>	<mark>3615040</mark>	<mark>2891840</mark>		<mark>12754560</mark>	<mark>1478800</mark>	<mark>11275760</mark>
Aug, 06	<mark>4936320</mark>	<mark>3465280</mark>	<mark>3344000</mark>		<mark>11745600</mark>	1482025	10263575
Sep, 06	<mark>5836160</mark>	<mark>2919680</mark>	<mark>4065120</mark>		12820960	<mark>1654095</mark>	<mark>11166865</mark>
Oct, 06	7083840	<mark>4174880</mark>	<mark>6383816</mark>		<mark>17642536</mark>	<mark>1771415</mark>	<mark>15871121</mark>
Nov, 06	6007520	<mark>4293000</mark>	<mark>5904800</mark>		<mark>16205320</mark>	<mark>1870350</mark>	<mark>14334970</mark>
Dec, 06	<mark>1331700</mark>	<mark>850500</mark>	<mark>2161700</mark>	14423200	<mark>18767100</mark>	<mark>1903367</mark>	<mark>16863733</mark>
Total	<mark>59006580</mark>	<mark>43605900</mark>	<mark>55694956</mark>	<mark>14423200</mark>	<mark>172730636</mark>	<mark>18770282</mark>	<mark>153960354</mark>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Net WHR#1 power supplied is calculated through enthalpy apportioning method as mentioned in the registered PDD.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Month								
	Enthalpy of WHR#1 steam (kcal/kg)	Enthalpy of FBC steam (kcal/kg)	Enthalpy ofWHR#2 steam (kcal/kg)	Total enthalpy of WHR#1 steam (Kcal) (A x a)	Total Enthalpy of FBC steam (kcal) (B x b)	Total enthalpy of WHR#2 steam (kcal) (C x c)	Total Enthalpy (kcal) (D + E +F)	Net WHR #1 Power Supplied (kWh) [D/G*Egnet]
Jan, 06	<mark>773.3</mark>	<mark>775.8</mark>	<mark>771.5</mark>	<mark>7778979330.2</mark>	<mark>31393144610.7</mark>	14014227412.0	53186351352.9	1863546.72
Feb, 06	<mark>773.8</mark>	<mark>774.8</mark>	<mark>772.4</mark>	<mark>10098258956.0</mark>	<mark>20944957948.4</mark>	<mark>15731547298.7</mark>	<mark>46774764203.0</mark>	<mark>2378573.28</mark> 4
Mar, 06	<mark>772.1</mark>	<mark>774.2</mark>	<mark>771.0</mark>	<mark>9601276647.5</mark>	<mark>19187651364.8</mark>	<mark>13448458200.8</mark>	<mark>42237386213.1</mark>	<mark>2184307.176</mark>
April, 06	<mark>770.6</mark>	<mark>773.1</mark>	<mark>770.9</mark>	<mark>9209103741.4</mark>	<mark>34906075968.2</mark>	<mark>14872644807.3</mark>	<mark>58987824516.9</mark>	<mark>2072740.023</mark>
May, 06	<mark>769.7</mark>	<mark>771.3</mark>	<mark>770.8</mark>	<mark>10718243774.2</mark>	<mark>35077726634.6</mark>	<mark>18420290935.6</mark>	<mark>64216261344.3</mark>	<mark>2534736.833</mark>
<mark>Jun, 06</mark>	<mark>772.5</mark>	<mark>771.7</mark>	<mark>771.2</mark>	<mark>1901003203.5</mark>	<mark>33969391613.7</mark>	<mark>18691226403.2</mark>	<mark>54561621220.4</mark>	<mark>430406.0774</mark>
July, 06	<mark>769.4</mark>	<mark>771.4</mark>	<mark>769.0</mark>	<mark>10552897946.8</mark>	<mark>34437455344.4</mark>	<mark>5964087692.9</mark>	<mark>50954440984.1</mark>	<mark>2335261.505</mark>
Aug, 06	<mark>772.4</mark>	<mark>773.1</mark>	<mark>771.5</mark>	<mark>9241810940.7</mark>	<mark>30834177181.3</mark>	<mark>5108234093.3</mark>	<mark>45184222215.3</mark>	<mark>2099273.044</mark>
<mark>Sep, 06</mark>	<mark>771.4</mark>	<mark>773.8</mark>	<mark>771.7</mark>	<mark>8660011300.3</mark>	<mark>35427478144.3</mark>	<mark>10784766752.1</mark>	<mark>54872256196.6</mark>	<mark>1762369.252</mark>
Oct, 06	<mark>771.1</mark>	<mark>773.9</mark>	<mark>772.4</mark>	<mark>7008100987.5</mark>	<mark>38228719370.4</mark>	22580451403.2	<mark>67817271761.1</mark>	<mark>1640089.845</mark>
Nov, 06	<mark>772.1</mark>	<mark>774.0</mark>	<mark>773.0</mark>	<mark>11670961662.8</mark>	<mark>35579740853.0</mark>	<mark>21338143322.2</mark>	<mark>68588845838.1</mark>	<mark>2439214.179</mark>
Dec, 06	<mark>768.9</mark>	<mark>772.7</mark>	<mark>769.7</mark>	<mark>10687171905.0</mark>	<mark>36287434161.0</mark>	<mark>17672200808.4</mark>	<mark>64646806874.4</mark>	<mark>2787850.201</mark>
<b>Total</b>	<mark>771.5</mark>	<mark>773.3</mark>	<mark>771.2</mark>	<mark>107127820395.8</mark>	386273953194.7	178626279129.6	<mark>672028052720.1</mark>	24528368.14

# Table 3: Average Temperature and Pressure of the HP steam produced from WHRB#1, WHRB#2 and FBC (Monthly average is calculated based on the daily data, Source: Daily Report)

	Temperature and Pressure										
	WHR	B#1	FB	<mark>C</mark>	WHRB#2						
Month	Temperature	Pressure	Temperature	Pressure	Temperature	Pressure					
	(°C)	(kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )abs	(°C)	(kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )abs	(°C)	(kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )abs					
Jan'06	<mark>406.1</mark>	<mark>35.3</mark>	<mark>410.9</mark>	<mark>35.9</mark>	<mark>402.6</mark>	<mark>35.0</mark>					
Feb'06	<mark>407.3</mark>	<mark>35.8</mark>	<mark>409.2</mark>	<mark>36.0</mark>	<mark>404.8</mark>	<mark>35.8</mark>					
Mar'06	<mark>404.0</mark>	<mark>35.4</mark>	<mark>408.2</mark>	<mark>36.1</mark>	<mark>401.7</mark>	<mark>35.0</mark>					
Apr'06	<mark>401.5</mark>	<mark>35.6</mark>	<mark>406.1</mark>	<mark>35.9</mark>	<mark>402.0</mark>	<mark>35.6</mark>					
May'06	<mark>399.8</mark>	<mark>35.7</mark>	<mark>403.0</mark>	<mark>36.0</mark>	<mark>401.9</mark>	<mark>35.9</mark>					
Jun'06	<mark>404.6</mark>	<mark>35.4</mark>	<mark>403.4</mark>	<mark>35.7</mark>	<mark>402.3</mark>	<mark>35.4</mark>					
Jul'06	<mark>399.5</mark>	<mark>35.8</mark>	<mark>403.3</mark>	<mark>36.1</mark>	<mark>398.8</mark>	<mark>36.0</mark>					
Aug'06	<mark>404.7</mark>	<mark>35.7</mark>	<mark>406.3</mark>	<mark>36.2</mark>	<mark>403.0</mark>	<mark>35.5</mark>					
Sep'06	<mark>402.9</mark>	<mark>35.6</mark>	<mark>407.6</mark>	<mark>36.2</mark>	<mark>403.3</mark>	<mark>35.6</mark>					
Oct'06	<mark>402.6</mark>	<mark>35.9</mark>	<mark>407.6</mark>	<mark>36.1</mark>	<mark>404.7</mark>	<mark>35.7</mark>					
Nov'06	<mark>404.3</mark>	<mark>35.9</mark>	<mark>407.9</mark>	<mark>36.1</mark>	<mark>405.7</mark>	<mark>35.7</mark>					
Dec'06	<mark>398.4</mark>	<mark>35.6</mark>	<mark>405.5</mark>	<mark>36.0</mark>	<mark>399.7</mark>	<mark>35.4</mark>					
<b>Average</b>	<mark>403.0</mark>	<mark>35.6</mark>	<mark>406.6</mark>	<mark>36.0</mark>	<mark>402.5</mark>	<mark>35.6</mark>					

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#### Table 4: Average Enthalpy of WHRB#1, FBC and the WHRB#2 (Calculated from the Monthly Average

Temperature and Pressure)

Month	Enthalpy (KCal/Kg)			
WOITH	WHRB#1	FBC	WHRB#2	
Jan'06	<mark>773.3</mark>	<mark>775.8</mark>	<mark>771.5</mark>	
Feb'06	<mark>773.8</mark>	<mark>774.8</mark>	<mark>772.4</mark>	
Mar'06	<mark>772.1</mark>	<mark>774.2</mark>	<mark>771.0</mark>	
Apr'06	<mark>770.6</mark>	<mark>773.1</mark>	<mark>770.9</mark>	
May'06	<mark>769.7</mark>	<mark>771.3</mark>	<mark>770.8</mark>	
Jun'06	<mark>772.5</mark>	<mark>771.7</mark>	<mark>771.2</mark>	
Jul'06	<mark>769.4</mark>	<mark>771.4</mark>	<mark>769.0</mark>	
Aug'06	<mark>772.4</mark>	<mark>773.1</mark>	<mark>771.5</mark>	
Sep'06	<mark>771.4</mark>	<mark>773.8</mark>	<mark>771.7</mark>	
Oct'06	<mark>771.1</mark>	<mark>773.9</mark>	<mark>772.4</mark>	
Nov'06	<mark>772.1</mark>	<mark>774.0</mark>	<mark>773.0</mark>	
Dec'06	<mark>769.0</mark>	<mark>772.7</mark>	<mark>770.0</mark>	
Average	<mark>771.5</mark>	<mark>773.3</mark>	<mark>771.2</mark>	

## **Emission Reductions**

#### **Baseline Emissions:**

Carbon dioxide emission factor	
as per the baseline adopted (kg $CO_2$ / kWh)	= 0.75861
Net WHR Power Supplied (kWh)	= <mark>24528368.14</mark>
Baseline emissions (tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	= <mark>18607.5</mark>
Project Emissions:	
Project Emissions (tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> e)	= NIL
Emission Reductions:	

Baseline emissions – Project emissions

= <mark>18607.5 – NIL</mark>

= 18607 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> e

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## <u>Measures to ensure the</u> <u>results/uncertainty analysis</u>

As per requirement of Chattisgarh Government, cess is to be paid for captive power generation. The monthly cess bill, which is based on joint generation meter readings by both CSEB and GPIL personnel, is used to arrive at the power generation figures in the CPP. These generation meters are sealed and calibrated by CSEB. Further, GPIL annually undertakes calibration of auxiliary consumption meters, steam flow meters, pressure and temperature transmitters by government certified agencies so that the accuracy of measurement is ensured all the time.

Moreover, GPIL regularly undertakes Internal Audits to determine whether the GHG abatement project conforms to the planned arrangements of the monitoring methodology and plan (including other criteria related to GHG performance parameters). The audit report provides information on results of audits and recommends improvements to GPIL management. All these measures ensure that uncertainty levels for all parameters are low.

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## **Roles & Responsibilities**

In the complete implementation and monitoring plan referred above, GPIL is the sole agency responsible for implementation and monitoring.

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YourNameHere

Table- 1.15: Monitoring Param	eters as per Registered Project Design	
Document		
Parameter 15: TG#3 Auxiliary Steam Flow		
Parameter	Description	
Measured, Calculated, Estimated	Measured	
Source of Data	The data is continuously monitored at the DCS. The daily data of the same parameter obtained from the flow meter totalizer reading is recorded and maintained separately	
Data unit	tonnes/day	
Recording frequency	Daily	
Monitoring Equipment	Flow Meter	
Specification of Monitoring	Tag No.: FT-406	
Equipment	Make: Tata Honeywell Output: 4-20mADC Range: 10000 mmWc	
Calibration of Monitoring	The flow meter is calibrated regularly according	
Equipment	to the calibration schedule (four times a year).	
	The calibration certificate is available at the project site.	
Accuracy of Monitoring Equipment	Accuracy: $\pm$ 0.075% of calculation span.	
Uncertainty of Data	Low	
Justification	As the flow meters used is of standard make	
	and regularly calibrated the data monitored is	
	accurate.	